Instruction Manual

GSK/GSKW Controller

November.2017 GIKEN INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

Befor beginning operation:



■Note

- ① Please read this instruction manual carefully in order to ensure that you use this product correctly.
- ② A part or no part of this instruction manual may be used or reproduced without the permission of GIKEN Industrial Co., LTD.
- 3 Regarding the handling process and opration that are not listed in this instruction manual, please think that they cannot be oprated, and do not attempt to oprate them. Any defect that would occur when the handling process or the operation that is not listed in this instruction manual is executed should be excluded in the scope of the warranty.
- 4 Matters listed in this instruction manual are subject to change for the improvement without notice.
- (5) For the product with special specifications, please consult us because it may not be pertinent to the use of this instruction manual
- 6 The personal computer for setup operation is an option. Please contact us if it is required.



■Measures in case of an emergency

If this product is in a dangerous condition, immediately turn OFF all power switches of the main unit or the connected equipment, or pull out all power cords from the plug outlets.

(「Dangerous condition」 means the condition when the fire break out or the danger to personal injury can be expected due to the excessive heat generation, smoking or ignition)

A Caution

- ■Notes of the first time the power is turned on
 - 1. Please check the connection of cables before you turn on the power.
 - 2. Please install the termination resister(110Ω) to connection terminal of each axis for Arc net. But you don't need it when you use only one axis
 - 3. Please set axis No. at one axis side on <code>[d00177]</code> and two axis side on <code>[d10177]</code> from the panel section to make GSK controller driver recognize axis Number.

 (You cannot communication from the PC when axis No. isn't set.)

*You must set axis No. when you change controller driver.

- 4. For wiring reconfirmation after turning on the power, "d00210" "d10210" "d01003" "d11003" is confirmed. (Electrical check)
- 5. In order to confirm the zero point of the torque sensor, please check the measurement value of the zero-point of each axis in the "d00210" "d10210".
 It's possible to use setting software again to adjust zero by software.
- 6. Please set input, etc after the above content has been completed.

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1 System out line

- "GSK" is the torque control type nut runner system what has the function necessary to tightening of the screw and locating.
- •This system has the name specified as GSK and it can be divided into the controller section, IF unit section(Interface) and AC nut runer section.

Controller section

- -Tightening accuracy :3σ±2%
- •GSK series improved a conventional GSS series, that was realized downsized, model integration and processing speed Improvement by the capacity rise of CPU and a memory
- Tightening program sets the rotation number and torque control, facilitating the wide variety of tightening patterns.
- High-speed and highly accurate tightening control is provided by combining the position control and the torque control.
- Self diagnosis function displays the program number/operating condition/alarm information on the front LED display.
- •Three setup methods are provided to setup the tightening program: the input method from the setup personal computer, exclusive display and that from the controller front panel.
- It is easy even for beginners to set up and input because the automatic setup and input function has been installed.

IF unit section

- •IF unit is the communication device to communicate with the external unit such as the sequencer/display/setup personal computer/printer or other equipment.
- •GSK system allows you to check the information related to the tightening control such the setting data/tightening results by connecting a personal computer to the IF unit.
- It is possible to check the information by connecting to a printer without inputting the data such as the setting/tightening results into a personal computer.
- •Communication setting is applicable to both specifications of PIO and SIO.
- •One IF unit is always required by set of controller.(2 units for 31 axes or more).

AC nut runner section

•ANZM type nut runner can be continued to used like a conventional GSS series.

<Specification of nut runner >

| Nut runner | MAX. tightening torque | MAX. rotational speed | Power supply current | Moter model | Weight | Transducer |
|------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------|------------|
| model | (N.m) | (rpm) | (A rms) | | (Kg) | model |
| ANZM-250 | 20 | 310 | 0.8 | TS4603N1920E203 | 1.6 | AZM-350 |
| ANZM-350 | 30 | 430 | 1.5 | TS4617N1920E203 | 1.9 | AZM-350 |
| ANZM-500 | 45 | 310 | 1.5 | TS4617N1920E203 | 1.9 | AZM-500 |
| ANZM-850 | 80 | 420 | 2.8 | TS4609N1920E203 | 3.9 | AZM-850 |
| ANZM-1600 | 140 | 420 | 4.0 | TS4618N1920E203 | 5.0 | AZM-1500 |
| ANZM-2000 | 180 | 290 | 4.0 | TS4618N1920E203 | 6.8 | AZM-2500 |
| ANZM-3000 | 280 | 235 | 6.0 | TS4619N1920E203 | 9.0 | AZM-4000 |
| ANZM-5000 | 470 | 253 | 6.5 | TS4619N1922E207 | 10.5 | AZM-7500 |
| ANZM-7000 | 650 | 176 | 6.5 | TS4619N1922E207 | 10.5 | AZM-7500 |
| ANZM-9000 | 850 | 131 | 6.5 | TS4619N1920E207 | 11.5 | AZM-12000 |

MAX tightening torque is an output value when the rotational speed is 20rpm.

When making the speed short exceedingly, torque output in a table becomes difficult.

(The sizes of the nut runner are indicated on catalogs, but please inquire about details).

2 Specifications

2-1 Specifications of controller

| | | 0. 1.1. (14 |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | IF unit | Standard type (M-net communication) the Other communication methods (IO_board, CC-link, Device net, Pro-Fi net, etc) |
| Composition Controller unit | | Single standard type(GSK)3 kinds, Single T type(GSK)3 kinds, 2 axis standard type(GSKW)2kinds, 2 axis T type(GSKW)2kinds |
| | DATA communication function (PC) | USB communication |
| | Other unit control | Arc-Net |
| | DATA control (PC) | RS422, SD card |
| Data | DATA saving | Tightening data: about 6000 cases When IF is connected, It can output from a PC. |
| | Printer connection | It connects a PC. (setting software is required for output) |
| | Max axis number for connection | 30 axis control(software-based 60 axis) |
| Display | DATA display | 6-digit 7SEG.LED |
| ызріау | Extraordinary display | AL code indicate + NG code indicate |
| Indicator | Display | OK/NG, axial arrangement, tightening setting (applicable to the 60 axes display) |
| | Setting input method | Personal computer and the controller front panel, disply panel |
| Setting | Memory backup | E2PROM, FRAM |
| | Setting value backup | SD Card, PC⇒FD,HD |
| | IF unit | 44×226×171.6 |
| | Controller unit GSK-1(T)4-E-N2, GSKW-1(T)4-E-N2 | 59(65)×238×170.5 The dimensions In parentheses are including a heat sink |
| Outside dimensions | Controller unit GSK-1(T)5-E-N2, GSK-1(T)7-E-N2 | 116.5(86.5) ×226×171.6(211.6) The dimensions In parentheses are no fans in the T type. |
| | Controller unit GSKW-1(T)5-E-N2 | 160.5(109.5) ×226×171.6(211.6) The dimensions In parentheses are no fans in the T type. |
| | Display GSK-D1 | 182.5×138.8×57.3 Please install by considering the projection of the connector |
| | Axis number | -30 axis x 16 program x 220 step |
| | Program number | -30 axis x 50 program x 70 step |
| Tightening setting | Step number | 8 axis x 50 program x 220 step Maximum values are different depending on the combination |
| | Setting items | T:Rating 30kinds H:REA.T SET, K:PRE.T SET, G:REV.T SET S:SCC.T SET,screw number setting Each 24kinds |
| Tightening method | Torque method, time and angle monitor | "Zone Monitoring" function exists |
| motriod | Angle method, time monitor | "Gradient judgment" function exists |

| | Sequencing tightening (Blocktightening) | MAX. 19blocks (77 steps) | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Retry | Whether or not set for each program | | | |
| Tightening | Baking determination | Reverse torque, judgement of area size | | | |
| control | Reverse rotation for fixed quantity | Time and angle | | | |
| | Speed switching | 4 stage, angle management and continuously variable transmission (smoothing) function | | | |
| | Torque waveform | Disply,all axis indication or personal computer | | | |
| \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | Angle stop accuracy | within +0.5° (downward 30rpm) | | | |
| Accuracy | Angle display minimum unit | 0.1° | | | |
| | Tightening accuracy | downward 3σ±2% | | | |
| Connection | Connection cable | Standard type and T-tyap: connectingmethod | | | |
| | Zero-point adjustment | Automatic correction (Tolerance range setting is provided.) | | | |
| | Axis cutting function | Can be connected from a personal computer or the controller front panel. | | | |
| Others | Communication with other unit | Arc-Net | | | |
| | Setting input | USB Communication | | | |
| | Communication with PLC | SIO (M-NET, CC-Link, and etc) or PIO | | | |
| | Display connection | Connected to IF unit | | | |

2-2 Basic specification

| Standard specification model(GSK) | GSK-14-E-N2 | | | | GSK-1 | -15-E-N2 | | GSK-17-E-N2 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------------------------------------------------------|--|------|
| Standard specification model (GSKW) | GSKW-14-E-N2 | | | | GSKW-15-E-N2 | | | | | | | | |
| T specification model (GSK) | GSK-T | 4-E-N2 | | | GSK-T | 5-E-N2 | | | GSK-T | 7-E- | N2 | | |
| T specification model (GSKW) | GSKW- | Γ4-E-N2 | | | GSKW- | T5-E-N2 | | | | | | | |
| Field bus | | | | 1 | Any | /bus | | | | | | | |
| Corresponding standard | M-NET (standard) | C-LINK | Device -NET | | PROFI-N ET-I/O | PROFI-N ET-IRT | FL | -NET | Ethe | | Syste m GSK | | |
| I/F model (common) | | SK-IFC ·N1 | GSK-I N-N1、 | | GSK-IFP NIO-N1 | GSK-IFP NIRT-N1 | | SK- FL-N1 | GSK IFET-N | | GSK- IFSG-N2 | | |
| Control power input | | | | D | C24 V±10 |)% 50/60 Hz | | | | | | | |
| Drive power input | | | | 3-phas | se AC 160 | ~240V 50/6 | 0 H: | Z | | | | | |
| Withstand voltage | | | | А | C 1500 V | for 1 minute | | | | | | | |
| Insulation resistance | | | | | DC 500 V | 10M Ωmore | | | | | | | |
| Controller Calorific value | | Controller 1 unit : 15W | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Momentary power failure | N | o effect | in the ra | ange le | ess than 50 | 0 msec (excl | udin | g the dri | iving time | e) | | | |
| Nut runner model | ANZM-50 ANZM-250 | | ANZM-350 ANZM-500 | | M-850 | ANZM-1600 ANZM-1800 ANZM-2000 | S | ANZM- ANZM- | | AN AN | IZM-5000 IZM-7000 IZM-9000 IZM-12000 IZM-15000 | | |
| Corresponding GSK model | | SKW-14 SSK-14(| | | | | | (T5)-E-N T5)-E-N2 | | G | SK-17(T7) -E-N2 | | |
| Applicable motor | TS4603N1920 | N1920 TS4617N1 TS4609N192 TS4 | | TS4618N19 | 92 | | 9N192 0 | TS | 34619N192 2 | | | | |
| Motor output W | 75 | 1 | 150 | | 300 | 600 | | 1125 | | 1125 | | | 1125 |
| Rotor inertia kgm2 | 0.04x10 ⁻⁴ | 0.08 | 0.083x10 ⁻⁴ | | 38x10 ⁻⁴ | 0.79x10 ⁻⁴ | 10 ⁻⁴ 2.62x10 | | 2.62x10 ⁻⁴ | | 2.62x10 ⁻⁴ | | |
| Driving power supply rated electrical capacity Arms | 0.6 | 1 | 1.2 | | 2.3 | 4.5 | | | .5 .5 | | 8.5 | | |
| Rating output current Arms | 1.0 | 1 | 1.9 | | 3.6 | 6.8 | | | .1 .8 | | 11.0 24.6 | | |
| Instantaneous maximum current Arms | 5.4 | 1 | 0.7 | | 19.6 | 38.6 | | 40 |).2 | | 62.9 | | |

| Rating torque N.m | 0.159 | 0.318 | 0.64 | 1.27 | 2.39 | 2.39 | | |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Instantaneous max. torque N.m | 0.95 | 1.91 | 3.82 | 7.64 | 14.32 | 14.32 | | |
| Maximum rotation number without loads rpm | | 12500 7500 12500 | | | | | | |
| Motor drive system | | Transistor PWM sine wave drive | | | | | | |
| Angle sensor | | Incremental encoder (With the zero magnification signal, line driver output, 256C/T) | | | | | | |
| Operating temperature and humidity | | 0 to 50°C, Less than 90%RH (No condensation) | | | | | | |

XAbout combination of controllers and NRs other than ANZM series

The combination of each NR and controller is shown below.

• ANZMC series(Compact torque sensor type)

| TYPE | Controller type |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| ANZMC-50 | |
| ANZMC-250 | GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-350 | GSK-14(T4)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-500 | G3K-14(14)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-850 | |
| ANZMC-1600 | |
| ANZMC-1800S | COKIM 15/T5) E NO |
| ANZMC-2000 | GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2 GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-3000 | GSK-15(15)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-3500 | |
| ANZMC-5000 | |
| ANZMC-7000 | |
| ANZMC-9000S | GSK-17(T7)-E-N2 |
| ANZMC-12000 | |
| ANZMC-15000 | |

•ANZMH series (High speed type)

| TYPE | Controller type | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ANZMH-200 | GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMH-450 | GSK-14(T4)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMH-900 | GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2 GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMH-1500 | | | | |
| ANZMH-1850S | CSK 17(T7) E N2 | | | |
| ANZMH-2001 | GSK-17(T7)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMH-9000 | | | | |

• ANZMCH series (Compact Torque Sensor + High Speed Type)

| TYPE | Controller type | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| ANZMCH-200 | GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMCH-450 | GSK-14(T4)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMCH-900 | GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2 GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMCH-1500 | | | | |
| ANZMCH-1850S | GSK-17(T7)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMCH-2000 |] GSK-17(17)-E-N2 | | | |
| ANZMCH-2500 | | | | |

• ANZMSH series (Compact Torque Sensor + Short & Small + High Speed Type)

| TYPE | Controller type | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| ANZMSH-120 | 001001 44(T4) 5 NO | |
| ANZMSH-130 | GSKW-14(T4)-E-N2 GSK-14(T4)-E-N2 | |
| ANZMSH-150 | GSK-14(14)-E-N2 | |
| ANZMSH-450 | CSKW 45/T5) F NO | |
| ANZMSH-500 | - GSKW-15(T5)-E-N2 - GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 | |
| ANZMSH-700 | G3R-15(15)-E-N2 | |
| ANZMSH-2000 | GSK-17(T7)-E-N2 | |

• ANZKHM series (High speed type with built-in clutch)

| TYPE | Controller type |
|------------|-------------------|
| ANZMKH-400 | GSKW-15(T5) -E-N2 |
| ANZMKH-700 | GSK-15(T5)-E-N2 |

• ANCKHM series (High speed type with built-in clutch)

| TYPE | Controller type |
|------------|----------------------------------------|
| ANCKHM-200 | GSKW-14(T4) -E1-N2 GSK-14(T4)-E1-N2 |
| ANCKHM-500 | GSKW-15(T5)-E1-N2 |
| ANCKHM-900 | GSK-15(T5)-E1-N2 |

ANZMCTH series (High speed type with built-in clutch)

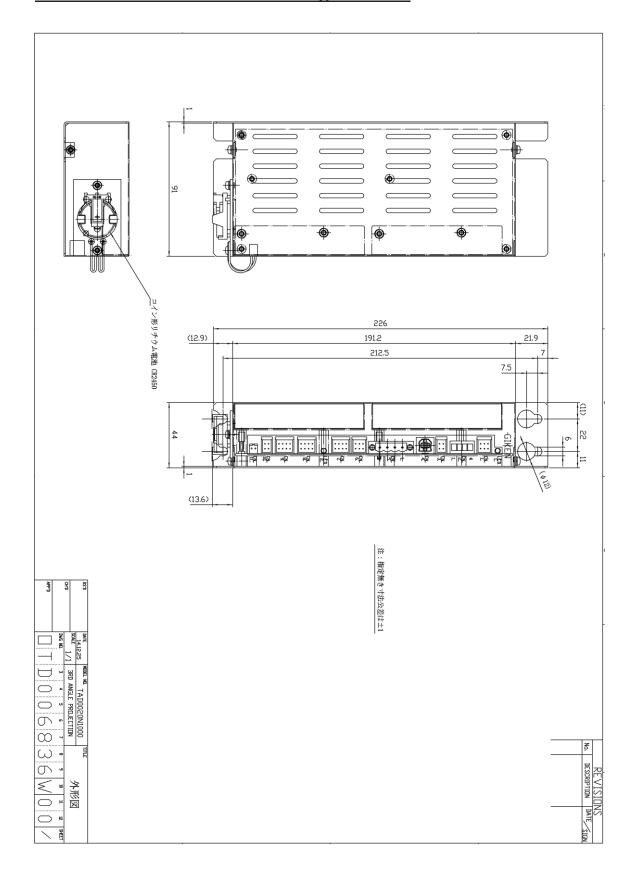
| TYPE | Controller type |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| ANZMCTH-100E1 | CSKW 14/T4) E1 N2 |
| ANZMCTH-150E1 | GSKW-14(T4) -E1-N2 GSK-14(T4)-E1-N2 |
| ANZMCTH-230E1 | GSK-14(14)-E1-N2 |
| ANZMCTH-450E1 | CSKW 15/T5) E1 N2 |
| ANZMCTH-700E1 | GSKW-15(T5)-E1-N2 GSK-15(T5)-E1-N2 |
| ANZMCTH-900E1 | GSK-15(15)-E1-N2 |

2-3 Functions/Features

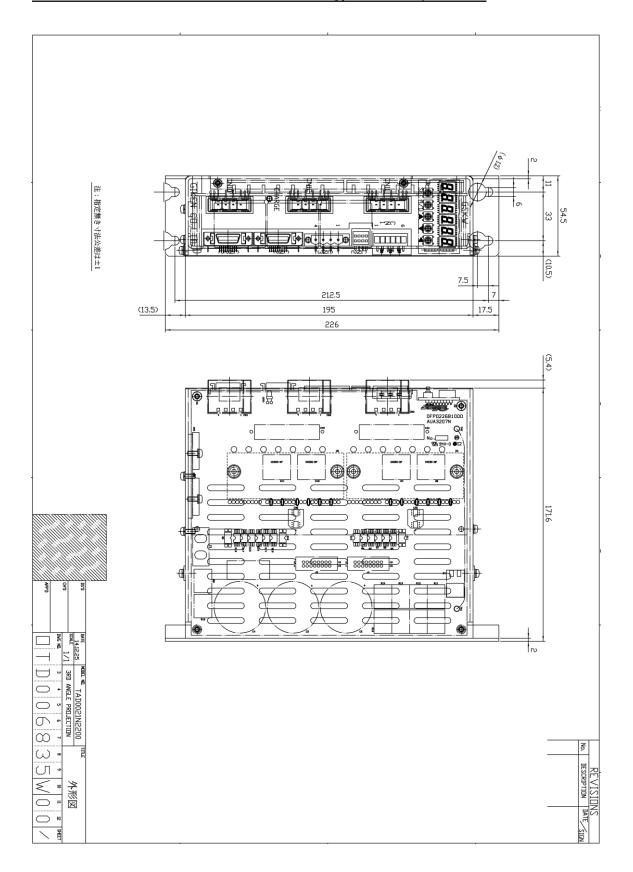
| | Z=3 Functions/reatures | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Protective function | | Over current, over load, over speed, encoder failure, drive power failure, E2PROM failure and CPU failure, etc. | | |
| Display function | 7SEGMENT LED | Alarm No., NG information Program No., Block No. Operation monitor Tightening result (Torque, etc.) | | |
| them to the IF unit Program 16 or 50 . Rating 30 . PRE.T . REA.T . REA.T . REV.T | | . Program 16 or 50 . Rating 30 . PRE.T . REA.T Each 50 | | |
| Storing | the tightening data | Tightening data: About 5,000 per axis Alarm history:16 per axis Tightening waveform:1 per axis It is possible to check the data when needed from PC | | |
| Applicable to the multiaxial | | 1 to 30 units of controller or 1 to 15 units of double type controller can be connected to 1 Interface unit. Max. 30 axes multiaxial control is possible | | |
| Communication with the PLC (in serial or parallel) | | Communication by multi-standard using the Anybus X Please refer to 2-2 in regard corresponding standard | | |
| Axis cutting function | | Setting for axis cutting is possible by the PC setting or the operation from the front panel. (Used when the controller malfunctioned) | | |
| Zero function | magnification check | Diagnosis function for the torque sensor malfunction (Performs per tightening operation) | | |
| Gear cl | heck function | Diagnosis function for biting of the gear and motor shaft (Selectable for Yes/No) | | |
| Simulation movement | | Simulation movement is available by the personal computer operation (Sampling start for the seating angle by tightening) | | |
| Calend | ar function | It saves the Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute and Second per data. | | |
| | erative function (Over detection) | Regeneration circuit that visceral the driving voltage is consumed by the internal resistor when it exceeds a predetermined value. | | |
| Discha | rge function | Natural discharge by the LED | | |
| Standa | rd inertia (INERTIA) | JL ≦ 30JM | | |
| Rotatin | g direction | Direction of CCW should be the forward rotation viewed from motor shaft end. | | |
| Analog monitor M1 The torque, | | Monitor signal output at the check pin on the front panel: M1 The torque, an electric current and speed can be M2 monitored every each controller in panel operation. G Monitor GND | | |

2-4 Size

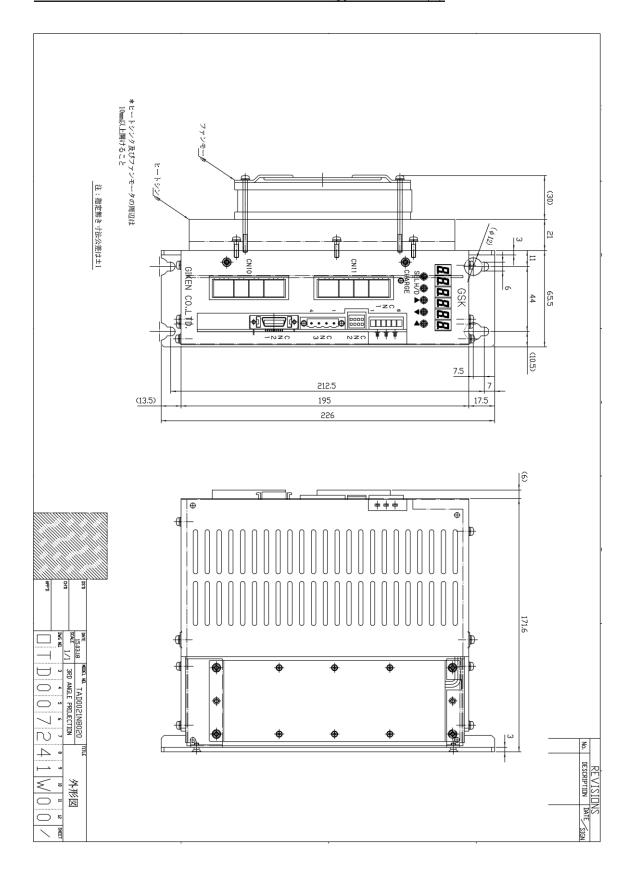
2-4-1 Interface dimensions: Standard type···GSK-IF



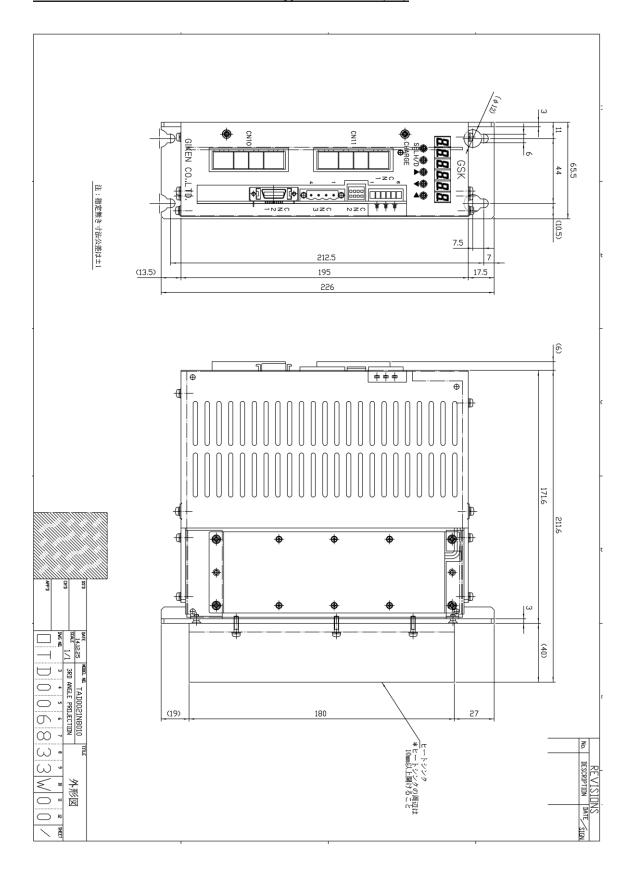
2-4-2 Controller dimensions: Standard type···GSK-4, GSKW-4



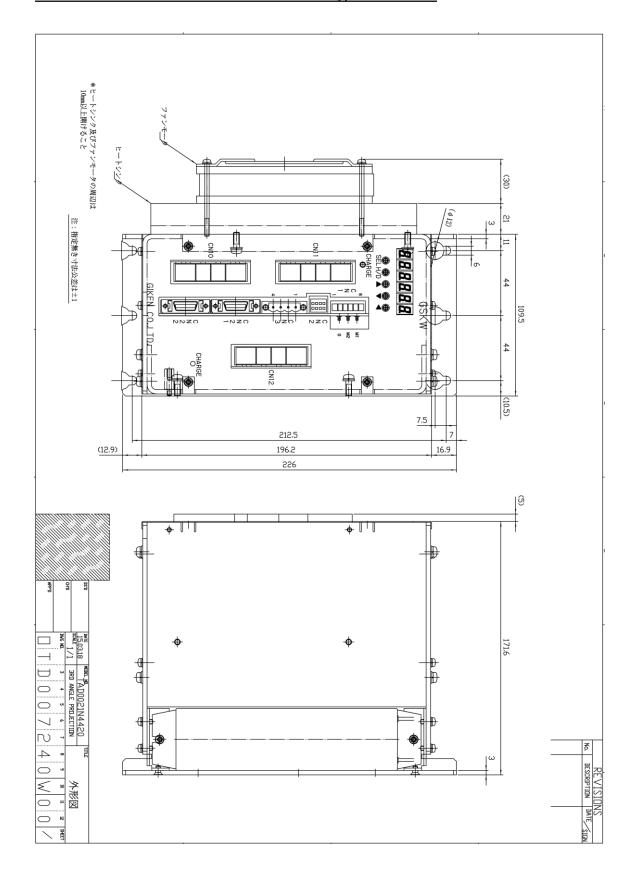
2-4-3 Controller dimensions: Standard type···GSK-5(7)



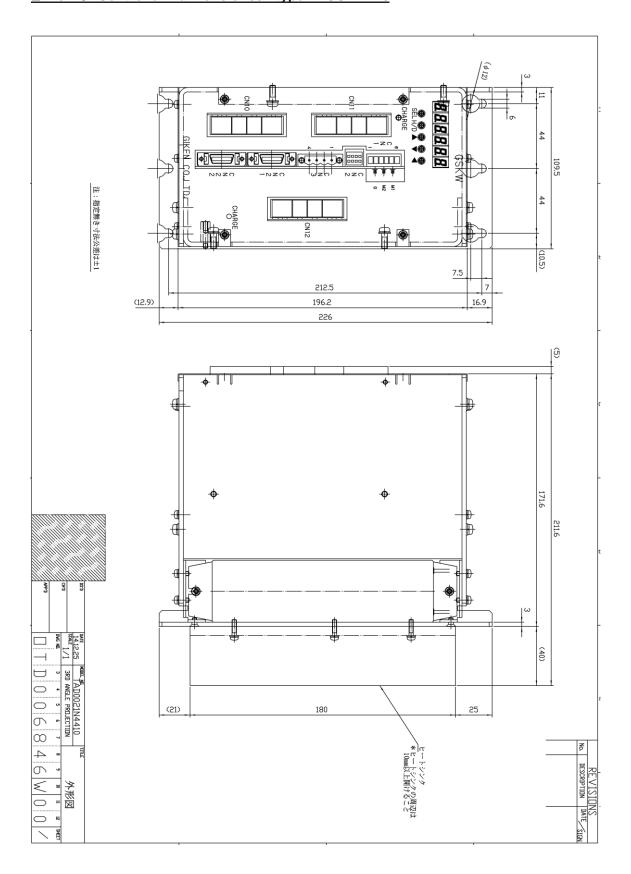
2-4-4 Controller dimensions: T type···GSK-T5(T7)



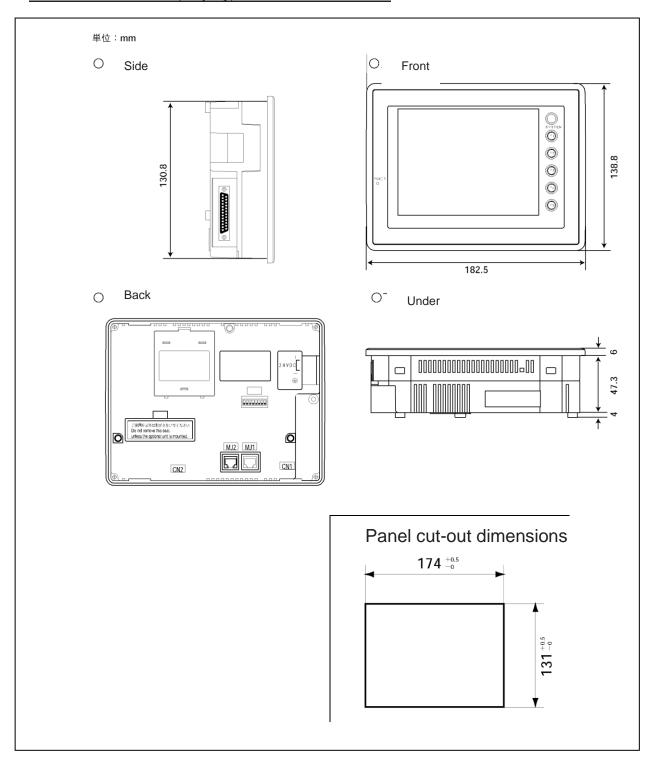
2-4-5 Controller dimensions: Standard type···GSKW-5



2-4-6 Controller dimensions: T type···GSKW-T5



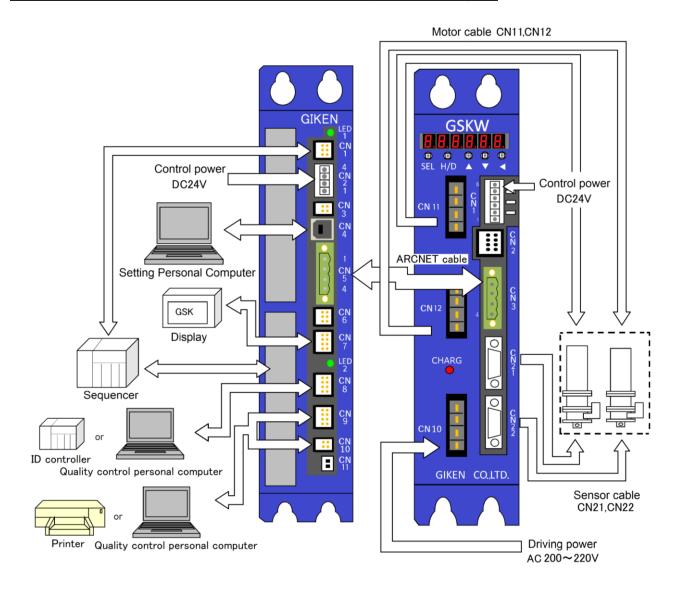
2-4-7 Dimensions(display) : Model ···GSK-D1



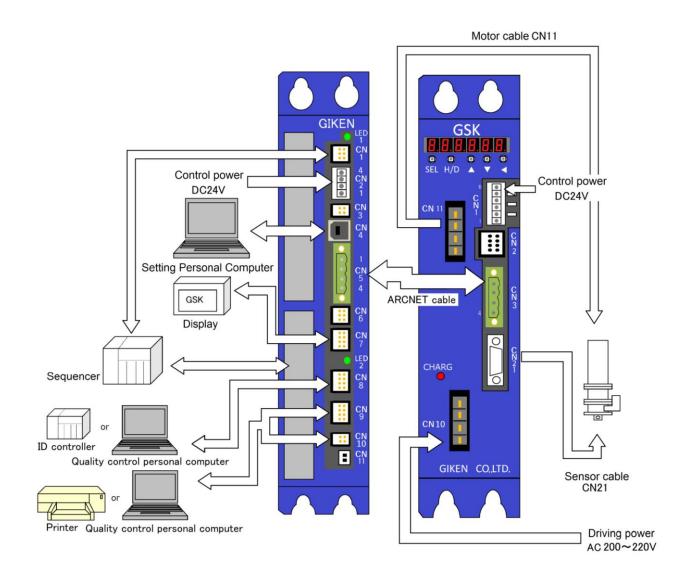
3 Wire connection

3-1 Wiring reference diagram

<u>3-1-1</u> (M-net ver.) GSKW Controller system wiring reference diagram



3-1-2 (M-net ver.) GSK Controller system wiring reference diagram



3-2. Used connector and mating connector

3-2-1 GSK Used connector and mating connector

GSK driver unit (14/T4)

| Port No. | Use/Matter | tter Used model Matching model | | Matching model pin | annexed |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|---------|
| CN1 | For the control power supply connection | 734-166 (WAGO) | 734-106 (WAGO) | 1 | 0 |
| CN2 | Not used | Not used 1-1827864-4 (TYCO) | | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |
| CN3 | For communication among controllers at ARCNET | among controllers at (PHOENIX | | I | 0 |
| CN10 | For the driving power supply connection | 1-179277-2 (TYCO) | 1-178128-4 (TYCO) | 1-175218-2 (TYCO) | 0 |
| CN11 | For power line of nutrunner 1 | 2-179277-2 (TYCO) | 2-178128-4 (TYCO) | 1-353717-2 (TYCO) | 0 |
| CN12 | For power line of nutrunner 2 | 2-179277-2 (TYCO) | 2-178128-4 (TYCO) | 1-353717-2 (TYCO) | 0 |
| CN21 | For sensor line of nutrunner1 | 10220-52A2PL (3MJapan) | 10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan) | 10120-3000VE (3MJapan) | 0 |
| CN22 | For sensor line of nutrunner2 | 10220-52A2PL (3MJapan) | 10320-52A0-008 (3MJapan) | 10120-3000VE (3MJapan) | 0 |

GSK driver unit (15/T5, 17/T7)

| Port No. | Use/Matter | Used model | Matching model | Matching model pin | annexed |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------|
| CN10 | For the driving power supply connection | 1-917541-2 (TYCO) | 1-179958-4 (TYCO) | 316040-2 (TYCO) | 0 |
| CN11 | For power line of nutrunner 1 | 2-917541-2 (TYCO) | 2-179958-4 (TYCO) | 316040-2 (TYCO) | 0 |
| CN12 | For power line of nutrunner 2 | 2-917541-2 (TYCO) | 2-179958-4 (TYCO) | 316040-2 (TYCO) | 0 |

Interface unit

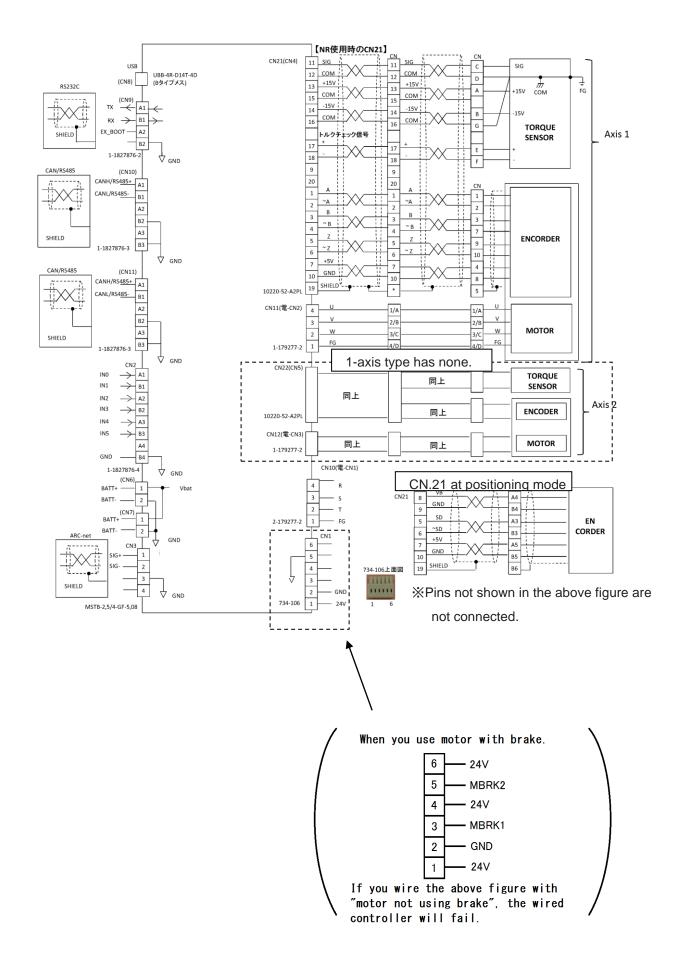
| Port No. | Use/Matter | Used model | Matching model | Matching model pin | Annexed |
|----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|
| CN1 | PLC connection port | 1-1827876-3 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-3 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |
| CN2 | Control power supply input port | 734-144 (WAGO) | 734-104 (WAGO) | _ | 0 |
| CN3 | Not used | 1-1827876-2 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-2 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |
| CN4 | Port for setting PC connection | UBB-4R-D14T-4D (JST) | USB Type B | _ | _ |
| CN5 | Controller connection port | MSTB2.5/4-GF-5.08 (PHOENIX CONTACT) | MSTB2.5/4-STF-5.08 (PHOENIX CONTACT) | _ | 0 |
| CN6 | Port for CAN communication | 1-1827876-3 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-3 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |
| CN7 | Display connection port | 1-1827876-4 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-4 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | |
| CN8 | Port for ID controller connection | 1-1827876-4 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-4 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |
| CN10 | Printer connecting port | 1-1827876-2 (TYCO) | 1-1827864-2 (TYCO) | 1827570-2 (TYCO) | _ |

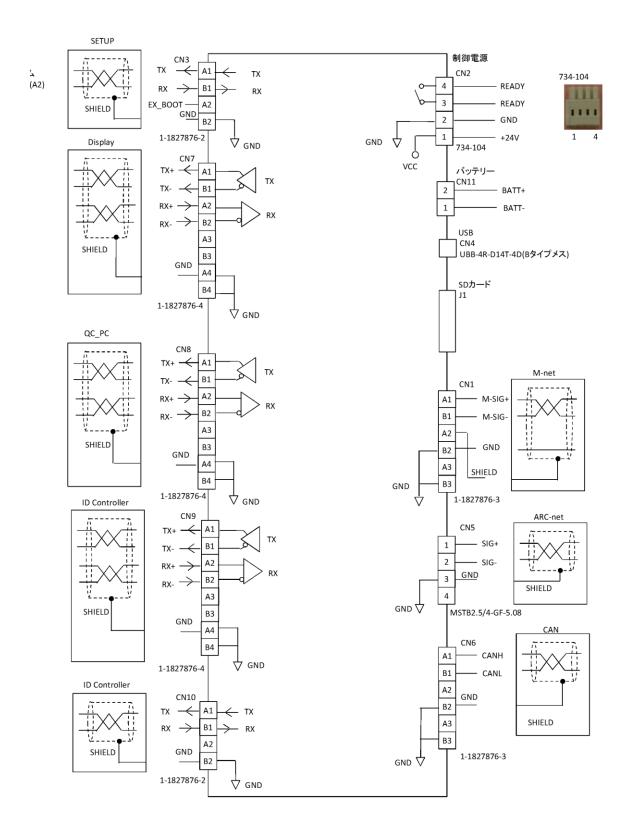
Mattr

| iviatti | I | | |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Number | Name | me Explanation | |
| CN1 | PLC (RS485) Connected by corresponding standard in the 2-2 table that is | | |
| CN2 | Power / READY notification(SW) | 4-core connector Left 2 core power supply (24V) Right two-wire start notification for relay | |
| CN3 | Debugger for serial(RS232) | Usually, it does not connect. Also used in the firmware update of GSKIF. | |
| CN4 | A setting personal computer (USB) | Use to rewrite or read the data using the configuration software. Also used in the firmware update of GSKIF. | |
| CN5 | Driver (ARCNET) | If you want to connect a plurality of GSK driver, it connects the driver to each other in the ARCNET. | |
| CN6 | CAN communication connector | Unused | |
| CN7 | External display (RS422) | It will be used to connect to an external display GSK-D1. | |
| CN8 | ID controller or quality control PC (RS422) | ID controller and a printer are selected either by the setting of a personal computer. It can not be connected at the same time. The connection partner of quality control personal computer | |
| CN9 | | depends on the setting. | |
| CN10 | Printer or personal computer for quality control (CN9: RS422) Printer or personal computer for quality control (CN10: RS232C) | ID controller when using ⇒ ⑨ ⑩ · Printer when using ⇒ ⑧ 【Caution】 Please do not connect the equipment at the same time in two connectors of CN9 and CN10. 【In the case of the previous firmware than Rev1721-160】 · CN8 = quality control PC · CN9 / 10 = Printer or ID controller | |
| CN11 | Battery backup | Connect the clock backup battery. | |

3-3 Connection to the outside

3-3-1 External connection diagram (GSK controller ∼NR): standard and T type





3-4 Cable model list

3-4-1 GSK Cable model list

(Please be sure to read the following notes.)

| Cable name | Use nut runner | Cable model |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Integrated never coble | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5DW-4R-□M |
| Integrated power cable (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30D-4R-□M |
| , 11 1 | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90D-4R-□M |
| Maratha and a same and the | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5TW-4R-□M |
| Movable relay power cable (Nut runner ~Relay part) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30T-4R-□M |
| (trainer relay part) | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90T-4R-□M |
| | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5TW-4A-□M |
| Unmovable relay power cable (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30T-4A-□M |
| (rolly part controller) | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90T-4A-□M |
| Integrated encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*D-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*DC-16R-□M |
| Integrated resolver sensor cable | ANZR series | 8R*S*D-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZRC series | 8R*S*DC-16R-□M |
| Movable relay encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*T-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~Relay part) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*TC-16R-□M |
| Movable relay resolver sensor cable | ANZR series etc. | 8R*S*T-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~Relay part) | ANZRC series etc. | 8R*S*TC-16R-□M |
| Unmovable relay encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*T-16A-□M |
| (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*TC-16A-□M |
| Unmovable relay resolver sensor cable | ANZR series etc. | 8R*S*T-16A-□M |
| (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZRC series etc. | 8R*S*TC-16A-□M |
| Encoder sensor extension cable (Relay part~Relay part) | _ | 8EST-16EX-□M |
| Resolver sensor extension cable (Relay part~Relay part) | _ | 8RST-16EX-□M |

3-4-2 GSKW Cable model list

| Cable name | Use nut runner | Cable model |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5DW-4R-□M |
| Integrated power cable (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30D-4R-□M |
| (Nativaline) Controller) | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90D-4R-□M |
| | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5TW-4R-□M |
| Movable relay power cable (Nut runner ~Relay part) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30T-4R-□M |
| (ratraine) relay part/ | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90T-4R-□M |
| | ANZM-50~ANZM-850 etc. | K8M5TW-4A-□M |
| Unmovable relay power cable (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZM-1600~ANZM-3500 etc. | K8M30T-4A-□M |
| (rtolay part Controllor) | ANZM-5000~ANZM-9000 etc. | K8M90T-4A-□M |
| Integrated encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*D-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*DC-16R-□M |
| Integrated resolver sensor cable | ANZR series | 8R*S*D-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ~ Controller) | ANZRC series | 8R*S*DC-16R-□M |
| Movable relay encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*T-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ∼Relay part) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*TC-16R-□M |
| Movable relay resolver sensor cable | ANZR series etc. | 8R*S*T-16R-□M |
| (Nut runner ∼Relay part) | ANZRC series etc. | 8R*S*TC-16R-□M |
| Unmovable relay encoder sensor cable | ANZM-50~ANZM-9000 etc. | 8E*S*T-16A-□M |
| (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZMC, ANZMCH, ANZMSH etc. Small torque sensor series | 8E*S*TC-16A-□M |
| Unmovable relay resolver sensor cable | ANZR series etc. | 8R*S*T-16A-□M |
| (Relay part ~ Controller) | ANZRC series etc. | 8R*S*TC-16A-□M |

Caution 1 (Cable General)

In parentheses represents the length of the cable. The unit is meters.

Please select from the numeric value that is designated.

You can also create other types of cables, but it takes time for delivery.

Caution 2(Angle and Torque sensor cable)

Please write the length the respective sensor cables are wishing on cable model * when you buy it.

E*: The length of the encoder (angle sensor) from a parting. If you're blank, the length will be 0.3m.

S*: The length of the torqre sensor from a parting. If you're blank, the length will be 1.5m.

4. Signal

4-1 Input and output signals

Parallel I / O

| I/O | Points | Signal name | Specification | Contents |
|------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Parallel input signal | 48 | IN1~IN48 | DC24V 11mA | Lload for evaluaire Amuhua haard installation |
| Parallel output signal | 48 | OUT1~OUT48 | DC24V 30mA max | Used for exclusive Anybus board installation. |

Serial I/O

| I/O | Note | Management | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Installation of terminating resistor 110 Ω is required | nter-controller communication during multiaxis control to be crossed by COM) | | | |
| 1 ('('-1 11X1K | Used for exclusive board installation on Anybus | Communication of tightening management with PLC | | | |
| Devise-NET Used for exclusive board installation on Anybus | | Communication of tightening management with PLC | | | |

Analog monitor

| Output item | Matter |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| M1 | Output the date of torque, speed and current by the panel operation |
| M2 | Monitoring of the torque sensor (≒5V/sensor rate), Scaling of the current (10A/10V) Monitoring of the motor rotation speed (Output plus value when it rotates to the right) |

XYou can change the above in the operation of the setting panel. (See PageNo..81)

I/F unit

| I/O | Points | Matter |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| USB | 1 | Parameters and various data inputs and outputs data from the connection PC |
| Centronics or RS422 | 1 or 2 | Connecction the printer or ID controller and Quality control PC (You cannot connect connect the printer when ID controller and Quality control PC are connected) |
| RS422 | 1 | Connection the display. |
| RS485 | 1 | The interface is connected at [Serial Input/Output]to a seaquencer, etc. |

4-2 Input and output signals

4-2-1 Input and output signals

Input("PLC"→"GSK")

| No. | Bit | Name | Matter | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | This is the opration ready comand | | | | | |
| | | | 0: Stop(Operation prohibition. The GSK Interface doesn't run.) | | | | | |
| | | | •Start signal cannot be accepted. | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | Operation ready | •It stops the motor at emergency stop if it becomes 0 operation. | | | | | |
| Ü | Ü | oporation roady | 1: This operation enabled state. | | | | | |
| | | | · | | | | | |
| | | | •The output signal[Operation ready] becomes 1 operation when the GSK can oprate. | | | | | |
| | | | Choose Automatic or manual operation | | | | | |
| | | | 0: The manual actions can be oprated | | | | | |
| | | | Input siganl Action | | | | | |
| | | | Inching start Nut runner does inching action | | | | | |
| | | | The nut rupper move to the | | | | | |
| | | | JOG start specified position | | | | | |
| | | | XJOG/YJOG JOG motion Xaxis/Yaxis | | | | | |
| | | | [on Positoning mode] | | | | | |
| | | | Othe than the above, automatic operation is possible. | | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | Automatic/Manual | 1: The automatic operation is possible to start | | | | | |
| | | | Input siganl Action | | | | | |
| | | | [On multi-axis mode] | | | | | |
| | | | It actions only 1 block. | | | | | |
| | | | When it exit, it waits for the next | | | | | |
| | | | start | | | | | |
| | | | start | | | | | |
| | | | [on Positoning mode] | | | | | |
| | | | Some set blocks are performed | | | | | |
| | | | continuously | | | | | |
| | | | GSK will start the program execution at the rising edge of the | | | | | |
| | 2 | | start bit (start bit: 0⇒1). | | | | | |
| 0 | | Start | You also need to maintain the 1 at start bit during operation. | | | | | |
| | | | If 1 become 0 to suspend, the automatic operation becomes a | | | | | |
| | | | cycle stop state during the operation. | | | | | |
| 0 | 3 | Inching start | GSK will start the inching action at the rising edge of the inching | | | | | |
| | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | moning start | start bit (inching start bit: 0⇒1). | | | | | |
| | | | GSK will reset the determination result at the rising edge of the | | | | | |
| | | | determination reset bit (determination reset bit: 0⇒1). | | | | | |
| 0 | 4 | Determination reset | Only when it receives the output signal of the program operation | | | | | |
| | | 200111111111111111111111111111111111111 | end (Total OK bit or Total NG bit : 0⇒1)GSK will accept this reset | | | | | |
| | | | signal | | | | | |
| | | | GSK will reset the alarm condition at the rising edge of the Alerm | | | | | |
| | | | reset bit (Alerm reset bit: 0⇒1). | | | | | |
| 0 | 5 | Alerm reset | If successful Alarm reset (if driving preparation signal is ON) | | | | | |
| | | | operation ready signal will return to ON. | | | | | |
| | | _ | QL signal is input at the rising edge of the i QL signal bit (QL | | | | | |
| 0 | 6 | QL sginal | signal bit: 0⇒1). | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | GSK Indicates whether to accept the QL signal. | | | | | |
| 0 | 7 | QL mode | 0:unavailable 1:Effectiveness | | | | | |
| | | | This_signal_bit must become 1 when it does QL operation. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| No. | Bit | Name | Matter |
|-----|-----|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | 0-5 | Program select 1 ~ Program select 6 | This signal indicates the program number at the automatic operation. (The program number represented by a six-digit binary number data. (Program select 1→Bit0)) Program No. specify from among the up to the value of provisions. |
| 1 | 6 | Input ENABLE | It tells the program number acquisition time. |
| 1 | 7 | GSK reset | GSK will reset to the start condition at the rising edge of the GSK reset bit (GSK reset bit: 0⇒1).。 |
| 2 | 0-3 | XJOG+ XJOG+ YJOG+ YJOG+ | 【Only positioning mode】 GSK does the JOG operation each of the X-axis/Y-axis. |
| 2 | 4-5 | INX① INX② | [Only positioning mode] This signal is used to hold the X-axis movement in automatic operation. |
| 2 | 6-7 | INY① INY② | 【Only positioning mode】 This signal is used to hold the Y-axis movement in automatic operation. |
| 3 | 0-1 | Cylinder return end Cylinder motion end | [Only positioning mode] This signal is used to check the vertical position of the nut runner. |
| 3 | 2-3 | X-axis return order Y-axis return order | [Only positioning mode] Return the axis of the command to the specified position. When in operation such as automatic operation, it will begin to move after interrupting the operation. |
| 3 | 4-5 | WAIT① WAIT② | [Only positioning mode] This signal is used when you temporarily suspend the execution of the program step. |
| 3 | 6 | SPW | [Only positioning mode] This signal is used when moving in synchronization among multi-units. |
| 3 | 7 | JOG start | 【Only positioning mode】 X-axis and Y- axis move to the specified position at the rising edge of the JOG start bit (JOG start bit: 0⇒1). |
| 4 | 0-7 | Positon No. | [Only positioning mode] This is a position No. of the destination when JOG start bit become one (The program number represented by a eight-digit binary number data.) This number specifies the range of 1 to 255. |
| 5 | 0 | IN | This signal is the input signal. GSK will hold a step execution until this signal becomes ON when this step has the attribute of "IN waiting". This signal is used in conjunction with the output signal "OUT". |
| 5 | 7 | Tightening angle sample start | It will start measuring the tightening angle at the rising edge of the tightening angle sample start bit (tightening angle sample start bit: 0⇒1). |

4-2-2 Output signal

Output ("GSK" \rightarrow "PLC")

| No. | Bit | Name | Matter |
|-----|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | Completion of operation preparation | GSK will notify the PLC that it is possible operations 0: Incompletion of operation preparation GSK cannot operate. 1: Completion of operation preparation. It accepts the signal to perform an operation such as a start. It outputs 0 always in the following cases. An alerm occurs at the GSK(interface or driver). The input signal "operation ready" is 0 |
| 0 | 1 | System OK | It will notify that GSK system is normal 0: Operation error (An alerm occurs at the GSK (interface or driver). 1: Operation normal |
| 0 | 2 | BatteryOK | 0:Battery voltage drop(2.5V or less). Determind only when the control power supply is turned on. 1:battery normal |
| 0 | 3-4 | Total OK Total NG | It displays the result of automatic operation. •When automatic operation starts ,OK bit and NG bit are 0 •When all blocks on the selected program completes, OK bit or NG bit becomes 1. **Sometimes Total NG change into Total OK by the QL processing **OK and NG bits don't become 1 when the process stops on the selected program |
| 0 | 5 | Nut runner running | 0: Motor is stopped. (Servo motors are tuned off on all axes.) 1: Motor is running.(Either axis is controlled with motor.) |
| 0 | 6 | Completion of QL processing | This signal becomes 1when you complete QL process. |
| 0 | 7 | During program execution | This signal indicates that the program of automatic operation is running. 1:running 0:stopped(program doesn't start or all blocks are completed.) |
| 1 | 0-5 | Program select OK 1 ~ Program select OK 6 | To notify the number of the program that has been selected. (The program number represented by a six-digit binary number data (Program select OK 1→Bit0)). |
| 1 | 6 | Output ENABLE | O: Initial value 1: This signal become 1 when to input a program numner complete and it lost signal at the falling edge of the input ENABLE bit |
| 2 | 0-1 | Tightening total OK Tightening total NG | [on Multi-axis mode] It's always 0. [on positioning mode] It displays the tightening result of automatic operation. When automatic operation starts ,OK bit and NG bit are 0 When all blocks on the selected program completes, OK bit or NG bit becomes 1. |
| 2 | 2-3 | CompleteX-axis origin return Complete Y-axis origin return | 0: Incomplete the return the origin position 1: Complete to return the origin position When this ignal is 0 GSK cannot use theprogram operation and JOG start. |

| | | | It noticely zero point and magnification shoot receils at the COV | | | | |
|----|------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | | Zero point and | It noticey zero point and magnification check result at the GSK | | | | |
| | | magnification check | driver. This OK signal is 1 - Zero point and magnification school is | | | | |
| | 4-5 | OK Zoro point and | This OK signal is 1.:Zero point and magnification check is successful at all axes. | | | | |
| | | Zero point and magnification check | This NG signal is 1: there are zero point and magnification check | | | | |
| | | NG | | | | | |
| 2 | 6 | Cycle stop | NG axisone or more. This signal bit becomes 1 when the "cycle stop" occur.ed | | | | |
| | 0 | Cycle Stop | OUT signal | | | | |
| | | | This signal is used in the synchronization with the PLC in | | | | |
| | | | automatic operation. | | | | |
| 2 | 7 | OUT | •This signal is 0 at the start. | | | | |
| _ | , , l | | If the program of the command is the OUT attribute, it outputs1at | | | | |
| | | | the time of the comand of the process completed. | | | | |
| | | | This signal is used in conjunction with the input signal "IN". | | | | |
| | | | GSK notisy thetightening result each blocks. | | | | |
| | | | The signal is 0 at the start. | | | | |
| | | | Block OK ⇒1: Plogram advanced to the final step in the unit and | | | | |
| 3 | 6 | Block OK | tightening in the block is correctly completed. | | | | |
| | | Block NG | Block NG⇒1: Plogram advanced to the final step and error | | | | |
| | | | occurred with either of tightening in the block | | | | |
| | | | *This signal doesn't change when X-axis/Y-axis complete the | | | | |
| | | | block. GSK notify the block number what the work is completed in the | | | | |
| | | Block end 1 | automatic operation. | | | | |
| 4 | 0-5 | > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > | The block number represented by a six-digit binary number data | | | | |
| _ | | Block end 32 | (Block end 1→Bit0)). | | | | |
| | | DIGGIT GITA OF | This signal is 0 at the automatic operation start. | | | | |
| | | 5 | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| 4 | 6 | Positioning mode boot | 0: X-axis and Y-axis aren't used. | | | | |
| | | in | 1: X-axis or Y-axis alternatively both in operation. | | | | |
| | 0-7 | Dealtion No. 4 | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| | | Position No.1 | GSK notify the position number at present. | | | | |
| 5 | | Position No.128 | The position is undecided when this signal is 0. | | | | |
| | | F 05111011 INO. 126 | The position number represented by a eight-digit binary number | | | | |
| | | | data (Position No.1 bit→Bit0)). | | | | |
| | | X-axis within the | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| | 0.1 | range 1 | It will turn ON when the X-axis is within a certain range. | | | | |
| 6 | 0-1 | X-axis within the | Range of coordinates is determined by the range output upper | | | | |
| | | range 2 | limit value of "X Jikuteikaku setting". | | | | |
| | | Y-axis within the | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| | | range 1 | It will turn ON when the Y-axis is within a certain range. | | | | |
| 6 | 2-3 | Y-axis within the | Range of coordinates is determined by the range output upper | | | | |
| | | range 2 | limit value of "Y Jikuteikaku setting". | | | | |
| | | Ŭ . | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| 6 | 4 | Interference error | This signal will be 1 if it has occurrd the interference between | | | | |
| | | | units. | | | | |
| | | | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| 6 | 5 | Position error | This signal will be 1 when each axis has failed to move to the | | | | |
| | | | position specified by the position number. | | | | |
| 6 | 6-7 | Cylinder return | [Only positioning mode] | | | | |
| | | Cylinder motion | This signal is located in order to lower the nut runner. | | | | |
| 7 | 0-7 | Bolt 1 OK | Those signals output which signals are bolt numbers at the | | | | |
| ~ | ~ | Pol +60 OV | tighatening successful. | | | | |
| 14 | 0-3 4-5 | Bol t60 OK | - | | | | |
| 14 | | Reserve | _ | | | | |
| 14 | 6 | Protection warning | - | | | | |
| 14 | 7 | Life warning | - | | | | |

4-3 Input & output signal map

Communication input (PLC \Rightarrow GSK)

| NO. | bit 0 | bit 1 | bit 2 | bit 3 | bit 4 | bit 5 | bit 6 | bit 7 |
|-----|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Operation ready | Automatic/ Manual | Start | Inching start | Determinati on reset | Alerm reset | QL sginal | QL mode |
| 1 | Program select 1 | Program select 2 | Program select 3 | Program select 4 | Program select 5 | Program select 6 | Input ENABLE | GSK reset |
| 2 | XJOG+ | XJOG- | YJOG+ | YJOG- | INX① | INX2 | INY① | INY2 |
| 3 | Cylinder return end | Cylinder motion end | X-axis return order | Y-axis return order | WAIT① | WAIT2 | SPW | JOG start |
| 4 | Positon No.1 | Positon No.2 | Positon No.4 | Positon No.8 | Positon No.16 | Positon No.32 | Positon No.64 | Positon No.128 |
| 5 | IN | - | - | - | 1 | Z JOG Up | Z JOG Down | Tightening angle sample start |

Communication output (GSK \Rightarrow PLC)

| NO. | bit 0 | bit 1 | bit 2 | bit 3 | bit 4 | bit 5 | bit 6 | bit 7 |
|-----|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | Completion of operation preparation | System OK | Battery OK | Total OK | Total NG | Nut runner running | Completion of QL processing | During program execution |
| 1 | Program select OK 1 | Program select OK 2 | Program select OK 3 | Program select OK 4 | Program select OK 5 | Program select OK 6 | Output ENABLE | _ |
| 2 | Tightening total OK | Tightening total NG | Complete X-axis origin return | Complete Y-axis origin return | Zero point and magnificatio n check OK | Zero point and magnificatio n check NG | Cycle stop | OUT |
| 3 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Z axis pottion 1 | Z axis pottion 2 | Block OK | Block NG |
| 4 | Block end 1 | Block end 2 | Block end 4 | Block end 8 | Block end 16 | Block end 32 | Positioning mode boot in | Z axis moving |
| 5 | Position No.1 | Position No.2 | Position No.4 | Position No.8 | Position No.16 | Position No.32 | Position No.64 | Position No.128 |
| 6 | X-axis within the range 1 | X-axis within the range 2 | Y-axis within the range 1 | Y-axis within the range 2 | Interference error | Position error | Cylinder motion | Cylinder return |
| 7 | Bolt 1 OK | Bolt 2 OK | Bolt 3 OK | Bolt 4 OK | Bolt 5 OK | Bolt 6 OK | Bolt 7 OK | Bolt 8 OK |
| 8 | Bolt 9 OK | Bolt10 OK | Bolt11 OK | Bolt12 OK | Bolt13 OK | Bolt14 OK | Bolt15 OK | Bolt16 OK |
| 9 | Bolt17 Ok | Bolt18 OK | Bolt19 OK | Bolt20 OK | Bolt21 OK | Bolt22 OK | Bolt23 OK | Bolt24 OK |
| 10 | Bolt25 OK | Bolt26 OK | Bolt27 OK | Bolt28 OK | Bolt29 OK | Bolt30 OK | Bolt31 OK | Bolt32 OK |
| 11 | Bolt33 OK | Bolt34 OK | Bolt35 OK | Bolt36 OK | Bolt37 OK | Bolt38 OK | Bolt39 OK | Bolt40 OK |
| 12 | Bolt41 OK | Bolt42 OK | Bolt43 OK | Bolt44 OK | Bolt45 OK | Bolt46 OK | Bolt47 OK | Bolt48 OK |
| 13 | Bolt49 OK | Bolt50 OK | Bolt51 OK | Bolt52 OK | Bolt53 OK | Bolt54 OK | Bolt55 OK | Bolt56 OK |
| 14 | Bolt57 OK | Bolt58 OK | Bolt59 OK | Bolt60 OK | _ | _ | Protection warning | Life warning |

Each signal of No.7~No.4 output If you specify the unit 1 only

4-4 Sequencerselected

M-NET communication is standard communication which can connect between GSKiIF and PLC.

But it can be connected with the sequencer in other communications by setting the expansion board.

GSKIF reads the ID according to the board in the time of power supply on and moves according to the respective communication, so there is no setting change in the communication.

****Caution***

Reading a different ID board, to carry out the switching is Ver 1721-143 or later.

There is also equipment with an exclusive program (DeviceNet=1722. CCLINK=1723) by equipment before that.

4-4-1 Extender board setting method

Please set the following expansion board to connector J2 at under GSKIF of cover.

| MNET | An extender board is unnecessary. |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| DeviceNet | HMS Industrial network Co., LTD.ANYBUS-S Devicenet |
| CC-LINK | HMS Industrial network Co., LTD.ANYBUS-S CC-Link |
| PROFINET IO | HMS Industrial.network Co., LTD.ANYBUS-S Profinet-IO |
| PROFINET IRT | HMS Industrial network Co ., LTD.ANYBUS-S Profinet-IRT |

Functional differences

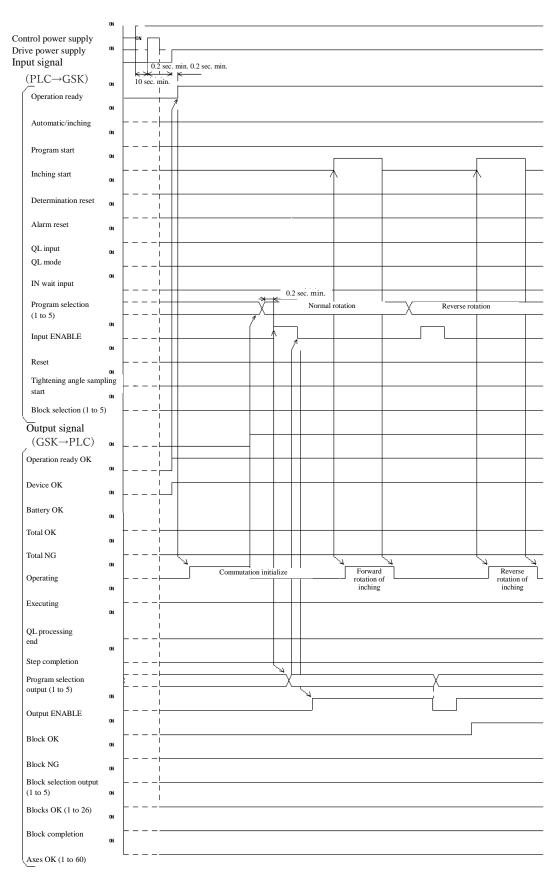
IO signal map does not change even changed communication method, but the functional has the following differences.

| Communication method | Axis switching information | Tightening result notification |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| M-NET | N | N |
| DeviceNet | Υ | N |
| CC-LINK | Υ | Υ |
| PROFINET IO | Υ | Υ |
| PROFINET IRT | Υ | Y |

5. Operation timing chart

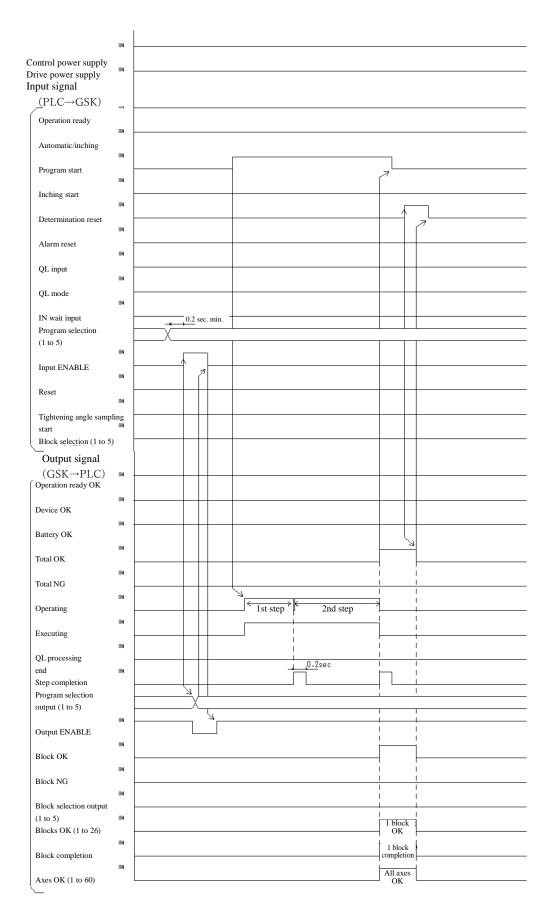
5-1 Power ON and inching operation

(It will work at the speed and direction setting of rotation and inching that has been selected (1 to 24) by the program selection signal (1 to 5)



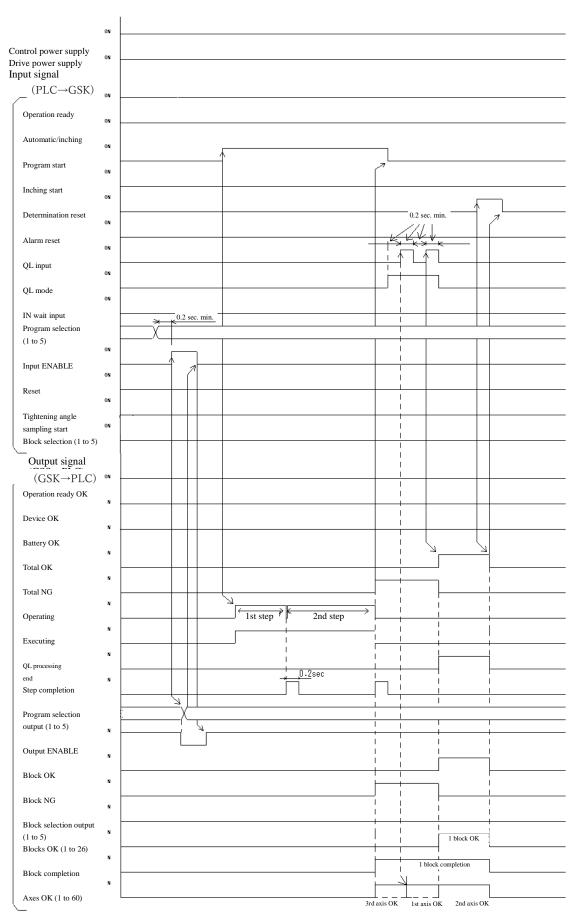
5−2 program operation -2 step operation ①

(1 block setting, if the judgment OK)



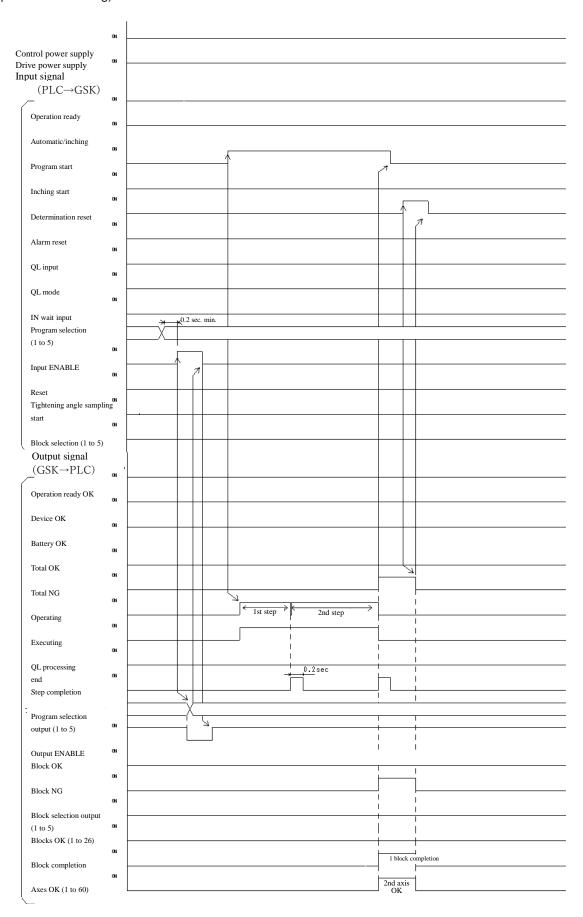
5−3 program operation -2 step operation ②

(When 1 block has settings of the 3 axis, first and second axis become NG at first step, third Axis is OK up to a two-step: there is QL process)



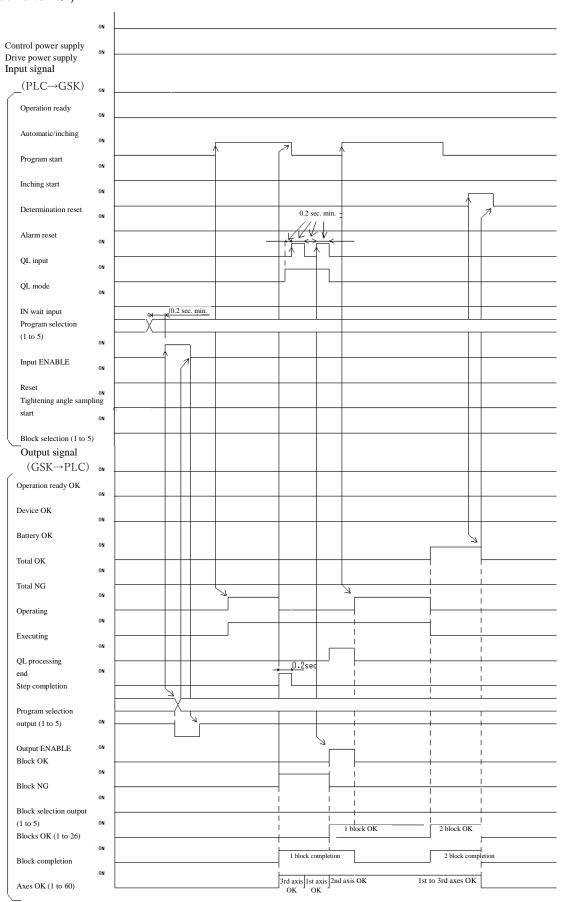
5-4 program operation -2 step operation 3

(When 1 set block has the 2 axis, first axis become NG at first step, second axis is OK up to a two-step : QL process is nothing)



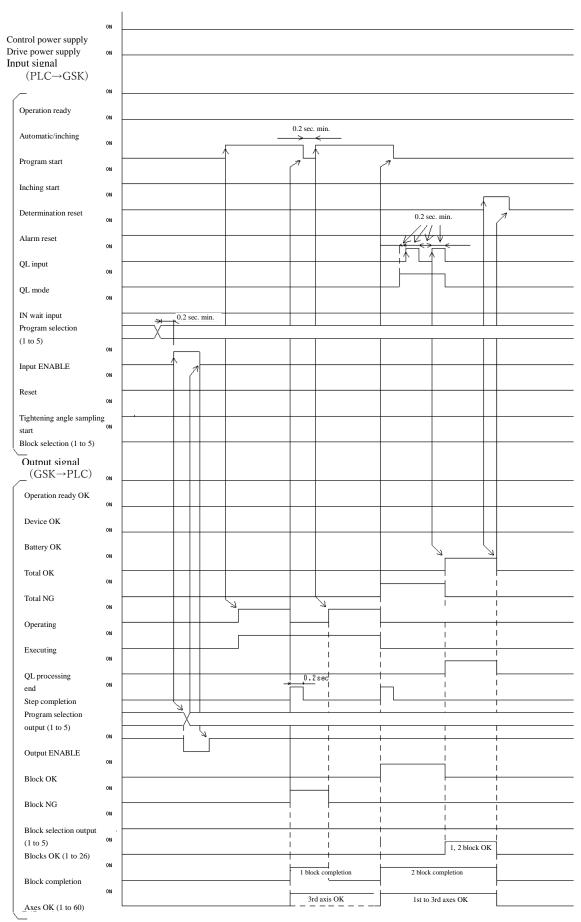
5−5 program operation -1step operation ①

(2 block setting of, among the three axes, 1 and 2-axis is the first block NG, 3 Axis OK, 2 th block all axes OK : 1 block after QL)



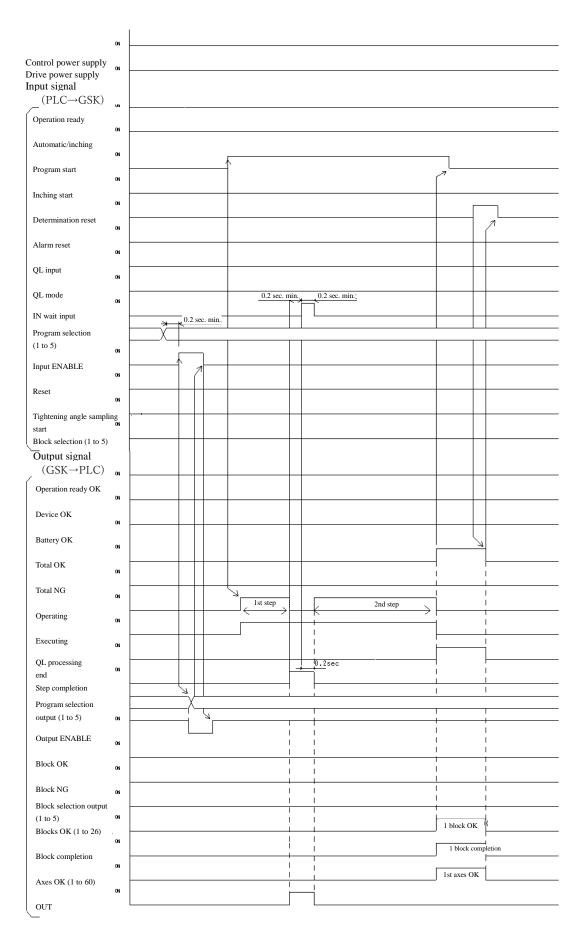
5−6 program operation -1step operation 2

(2 block setting of, among the three axes, 1 and 2-axis is the first block NG, 3 Axis OK, 2 th block all axes OK: at the end of the program collectively QL)



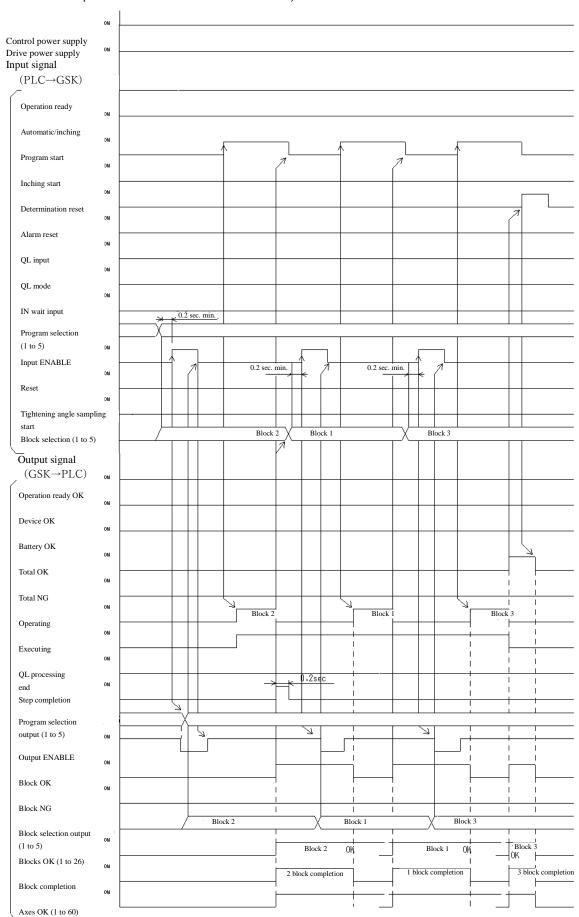
5-7 program operation -- 2 step operation 4

(1 block, there is IN set ting to the second step))



5−8 program operation -1step operation ③

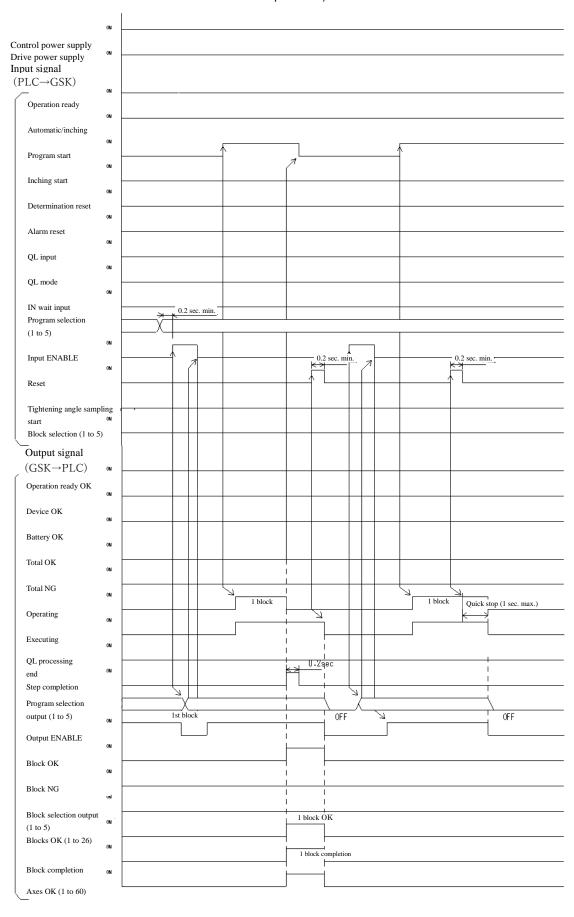
(3 blocks, if allowed to operate in the block order specified by the block selection signal: When the block select 1 to 5 are all OFF will operate from the block 1 in the order)



5−9 Interruption of program operation (reset)

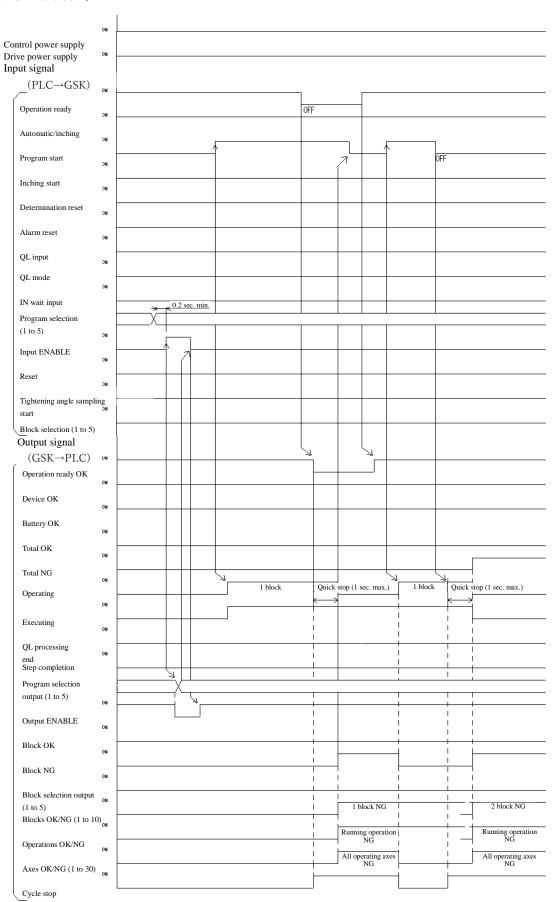
(And if one block after the end of reset in one step \times 2 blocks operation is turned ON

If it became a reset or ON in the first block of the operation)



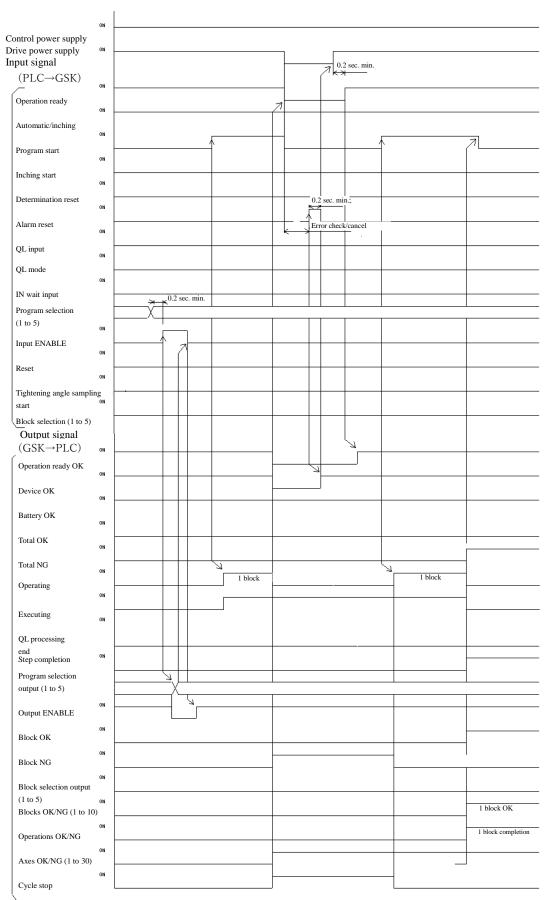
5-10 Operation preparation OFF and program start OFF in the program operation

(At the 1 step \times 2 blocks program , "Operation preparation OFF" occur in the first block and "program start off" occur the 2nd block.)



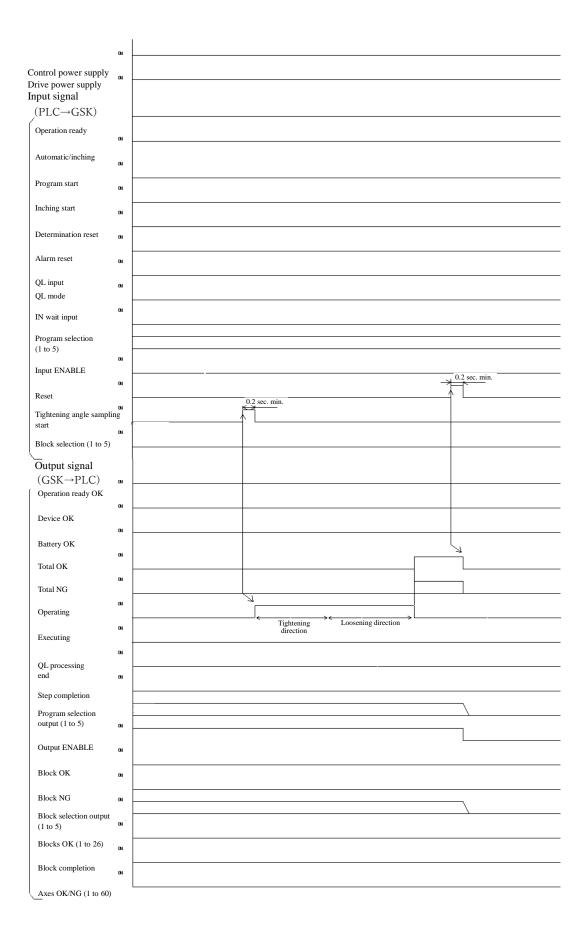
5-11 Alarm and alarm reset in the program operation

(At the 1 step \times 2 blocks program ,the alarm occurs in the middle of first block , if that was allowed to restart after the alarm reset)



5-12 Tightening angle sampling operation

(It will start the operation at the tightening angle sampling start signal turn ON in the state of Completion of operation preparation.)



6. Setting

7. Setting function details

7-1 Fn. ** Display setting function list

It can set internal data and modify and monitor at the panel surface of the GSK controller.

| Select data | Matter of display data | Remarks |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Fn0-00 | status of 2-axis motion | Special display |
| Fn 0-01 | I / O status | Display in the code the state of the DI and DO |
| Fn 0-02 | Product Model | "021.0xx" xx is No. N upper two digits |
| Fn 0-03 | Firm-ware program number | _ |
| Fn 0-04 | Firm-ware version number | _ |
| Fn 0-05 | At the time, minutes, and seconds | It displays the current time |
| Fn 0-06 | date | It displays the date |
| Fn 1-00~42 | The first axis of the screw tightening result monitor | _ |
| Fn 2-00~42 | The second axis of the screw tightening result monitor | _ |
| Fn 3-00~19 | M-Net input / output monitor | _ |
| Fn 4-00~01 | Printer output settings | (Note 1) |
| Fn 5-01~30 | Setting the unit number | (Note 1) |
| Fn 6-00~19 | Setting of the I / F parameter | (Note 1) |
| Fn 7-00~03 | Setting the ID controller | (Note 1) |
| Axx-yy | Parameter of the "SOC.T" operation | xx < 50, yy < 16: (Note 1) |
| Lxx-yy | Parameter of the "PRET" operation | xx < 50, $yy < 32$: (Note 1) |
| Gxx-yy | Parameter of the "REV.T" operation | xx < 50, $yy < 16$: (Note 1) |
| Hxx-yy | Parameter of the "REA.T" operation | xx < 50, yy < 48: (Note 1) |
| Uxx-yy | Parameter of the "RATE" operation | xx < 30, $yy < 10$: (Note 1) |
| Xxx-yy | Parameter of the "X-axis RATE" operation | xx<30, yy<16: (Note 1) |
| Yxx-yy | Parameter of the "Y-axis RATE" operation | xx<30, yy<16: (Note 1) |
| Pu.xxx.y | XY position movement point coordinates | u:1~4, xxx<288, y<2 (Note 2) |
| d0xxxx | Any data monitor of the 1th-axis | 3 < xxxx ≤ 200: Can be changed (Note 3) |
| d1xxxx | Any data monitor of the 2th-axis | 3 < xxxx ≤ 200: Can be changed (Note 3) |
| r0xxxx | The 1th axis of history data monitor | Address of FRAM, Data of 0xxxxh |
| r1xxxx | The 2th axis of history data monitor | Address of FRAM , Data of 1xxxxh |

[※] Note 1: When the data selection mode, the data sent to the controller in the long press "←".

 $[\]times$ Note 2: u is the unit number, xxx is point number, X coordinate in the y = 0, Y coordinate in the y = 1. xxx> = 255 data limit coordinate data

[%] Note 3:At time of data selection mode, it save the data of xxxx <200 in the long press of the " \leftarrow "

Setting the axis number (d0xxxx)

GSK driver you need to set the the axis number (1 to 30 decimal) in order to identify each axis.

Please set the following parameters to manipulate the case of a two-axis for the driver panel.

In the case of Axis 1: Write to set the axis number to d00177. (Same as 1-axis type driver)

In the case of Axis 2: Write to set the axis number to d10177.

Please set so as not to overlap with the driver axis number.

Please set the axis number to 0 (not used) or, if you do not want to connect the motor in the two-axis type of driver.

7-2 (d-00***, d-10***) Each-axis setting, driver parameter setting

| Address | Name | Matter | unit |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| 036 | Speed limit | This sets the maximum value of the rotational speed. | rpm |
| 064 | method of return to origin | O: If you are detected using the LSW and the sensor Substituting formula | _ |
| 065 | Set position data after the return to origin | Abutment formula: return amount homing (LSW formula: set position after homing) | _ |
| 066 | Homing start direction | Starting rotary direction of homing operation 0: positive direction 1: negative direction | _ |
| 068 | Homing speed | Speed to start the homing | rpm |
| 069 | Creep rate | Origin detection rate | rpm |
| 070 | Collision time | Butting time in the origin detection of abutment type | msec |
| 071 | Collision torque | Butting torque in the origin detection of abutment type Please set as a percentage of the motor rated current | % |
| 084 | ID of the monitor 1 | Data of the set ID is converted into an analog signal that it 's outputted from the M1 terminal. | _ |
| 085 | Scale of the monitor 1 | Output scaling of the monitor 1 | |
| 086 | ID of the monitor 2 | Data of the set ID is converted into an analog signal that it 's outputted from the M2 terminal. | _ |
| 087 | Scale of the monitor 2 | Output scaling of the monitor 2 | _ |
| 104 | Detection current of overload alarm | The alarm becomes overloaded when the average value of the motor current exceeds the set value. Setting value is set as a percentage of the motor rated current. | % |
| 105 | Detection rate of Acceleration alarm | The number of revolutions of the motor | rpm |
| 142 | Magnification of the sensor resolution | It sets the resolution magnification of the sensor. NR, positioning encoder, positioning resolver: 4 | _ |
| 160 | Gear abnormality determination count (continuous) | When the gear failure is detected, it will set the number of times determined to the alarm. | _ |
| 161 | Gear abnormality determination count (cumulative) | It sets the resolution of the sensor NR: 256, Positioning resolver: 8192 Positioning encoder: 16384 NR2: 1024 | _ |
| 163 | Temporary tightening torque-free monitoring time | This sets the torque-free monitoring time of the pre-tightening. | msec |
| 165 | Minimum gradient determination value | It is judged to be abnormal when the gradient is less than the value obtained by multiplying the value of -1 to be set | |
| 166 | Bolt fracture criterion value | here. Here you set the rapid torque change rate that it is generated by a bolt breakage at the time of this tightening end. | % % |

| Address | Name | Matter | unit |
|---------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 168 | Polarity of tightening waveform | This reverses the output polarity of the entire waveform by selecting 1. X Please use when you select a left rotation | _ |
| 169 | Torque-free monitoring time | This sets the torque-free monitoring time in the case of the operation other than the real tightening or pre-tightening. | msec |
| 170 | Zero times check wait time | This sets the waiting time until the beginning the acceptance of the torque signal from the output of the zero-magnification check signal. | msec |
| 174 | Seating detection torque | This sets the torque value of the starting point, when it starts the measurement at the tightening angle measurement operation. | Nm |
| 177 | Axis number | You enter the axis number of each corresponding to the driver. XPlease set immediately after the driver mounting when installing the driver. | _ |
| 178 | Axis type | You are the axis of the driver nut runner - or for use as, sets whether to use as a positioning motor. 1: Nutrunner 2:X-axis motor 3: Y-axis motor X Please set immediately after the same driver installation and axis number. It can be set in the PC configuration software unlike the axis number. | _ |
| 179 | Socket torque limit | You set the current limit at the time of the socket Remove operations (inching operation) in what percentage of the rated current of the motor | % |

※ Important items

177 ••• You will need the settings when you install the driver to the equipment. Be sure to set this when installing the drivers to exchange and new.

7-3 Socket-fittings setting

It is the setting for performing screw tightening before the preparation operation. (Numbers 1 to 50) Bolt picked up, it performs a gear check, fitting, etc., and then to state that can be screw-tightening. Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (Axx-yy)

| Number (yy) | Matter | increments |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| No.00 | Rotation angle To set the rotation end angle. | 1 degree |
| No.01 | Speed Setting the rotation speed. | 1rpm |
| No.02 | Rotate / inching direction, fitting, gear check 00 * | _ |
| No.03 | Detection torque During the rotation, it reaches the set value, and exit the rotation. If you do not reach even beyond the cut angle will be the "fitting angle over". | 0.1Nm |
| No.04 | Before time From rotating operation start, after a set time, we actually begin to operate. | 1msec |
| No.05 | Over time When "setting time" elapsed from the rotation start, it completes the operation if in operation. (Not including before time) | 1sec |
| No.06 | _ | _ |
| No.07 | _ | _ |

7-4 Pre-tightenings setting

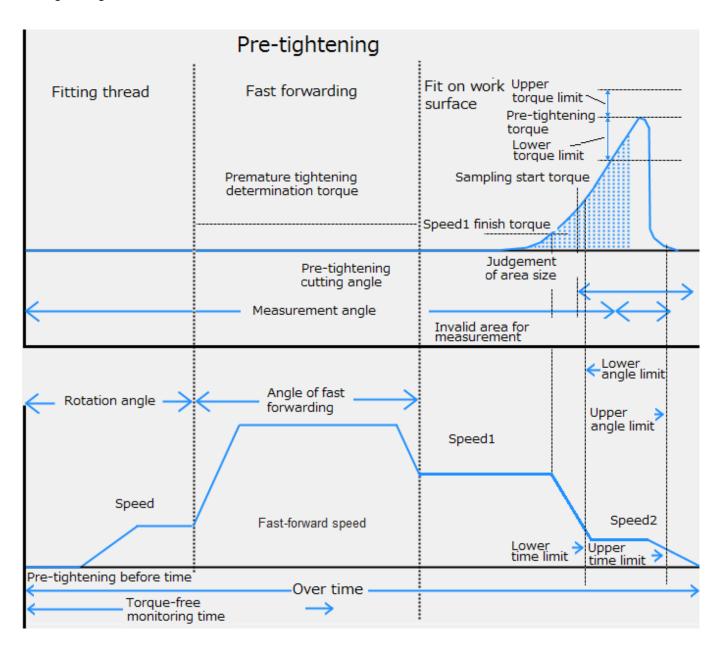
Rotating at high speed until the seating position is set for moving the screw. (Numbers 1 to 50)

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (Lxx-yy)

| Number | Matter | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--|
| (yy) | Matter | | increments | |
| No.00 | | t sets the angle to rotate at the screw adjustment speed. | | |
| No.01 | | n speed while turning at rotation angle. | 1rpm | |
| No.02 | | n angle at the Fast-forward speed. | 1 degree | |
| No.03 | | n speed during the fast forward. | 01rpm | |
| No.04 | fast-tightening ju | eached between the start and the end of the fast-forward angle, the dgment becomes invalid. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.05 | Pre-tightening to It is the target tor | rque que of the pre-tightening. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.06 | Torque upper limit | If you have not entered torque value is in the range at the time of arrest, it will be "Pre-tightening torque over" "Pre-tightening torque | 0.1Nm | |
| No.07 | Torque lower limit | under". | 0.1Nm | |
| No.08 | | n speed (upper byte) shes to the 2th speed. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.09 | 1th speed It is the speed be | efore the screw is fastened after fast forward. | 1rpm | |
| No.10 | 2th speed It is the final faste | ening speed of this process. | 1rpm | |
| No.11 | value, the rotatio | | | |
| No.12 | Judgment area ★ Judgment area in the graph of angle and torque, is the integral value of the torque waveform. | | | |
| No.13 | | valid range ge to disable the area measurement. ng area will be from the pre-tightening start to this setting angle. | 1 degree | |
| No.14 | Measurement an The area is judge | gle ed from the measurement start point to the set value. | 1 degree | |
| No.15 | Before time It starts to operat tightening proces | te after the set time has elapsed from the start of the temporary | 1msec | |
| No.16 | Time upper limit ★ | If the time of the stop found in the range of the set value will be "Pre-tightening time over" "Pre- tightening time under". (Measurement | 1msec | |
| No.17 | Time lower limit ★ | fromTQ1) | 1msec | |
| No.18 | Angle upper If no angle at the time of arrest comes in the range of the set value will | | 0.1 degree | |
| No.19 | Angle lower | ngle lower over" (Measurement from TQ1) | | |
| No.20 | Torque-free mon This sets the time It does not meas | orque-free monitoring time This sets the time from the start of the pre-tightening until the start of torque monitoring. It does not measure the torque from the pre-tightening start until this set time. It is a setting to prevent misjudgment by picking up torque fluctuation at the start of | | |

| Number (yy) | Matter | increments |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| No.21 | Measurement start torque ★ Measurement of tightening time and tightening angle starts after detection of the arrival at this set torque. | 0.1Nm |
| No.22 | Pre- tightening cut angle It stops when it reaches this set angle from measurement starting torque. This setting uses angles to prevent mistakes. | 1 degree |
| No23 | Stall time ☆ When using a sensorless type nut runner, in order to stabilize the tightening torque, the torque must be held for a certain time after reaching the cut torque. This sets the holding time. | 1msec |
| ~No31 | Reserve | _ |

Pre-tightening reference waveform



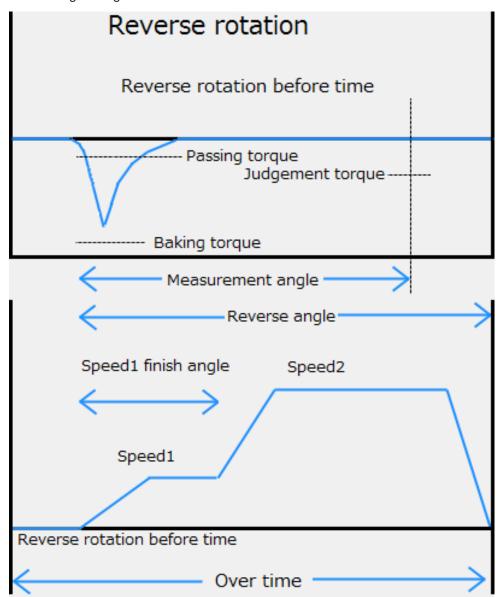
7-5 Revese tightening setting

You use the seating detection determined that the burning decision.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (Gxx-yy)

| Number (yy) | Matter | Increments |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| No.00 | Reversal torque If this torque is exceeded when reaching the measurement angle, NG is output. | 0.1Nm |
| No.01 | Reverse angle This sets the angle to rotate in the reverse rotation. | 1 degree |
| No.02 | The 1th speed This sets the 1th speed of reverse rotation. (Usually to a smaller value than the 2th speed) | 1rpm |
| No.03 | Measurement angle Before the end of the reverse rotation operation, torque judgment is performed when this set angle is reached. Set the angle from the start of reverse rotation operation. Please set so that it becomes smaller than reverse rotation angle. | 1 degree |
| No.04 | Passing torque If there is no condition beyond this set value during reverse rotation operation, "reverse rotation passing torque NG" will be obtained. (It becomes NG when tightening an unclamped bolt etc.) | 0.1Nm |
| No.05 | Baking torque When the torque reaches the set value during the reverse rotation process, it becomes "reverse seizing torque NG". It becomes NG when the pre-tightening torque is too large or when the screws are seized to not loosen. | 0.1Nm |
| No.06 | Overtime When this set time has elapsed from the start of reverse rotation, if it is in operation, it outputs NG and ends the operation. (Excluding before time) | 1sec |
| No.07 | Speed 1 End angle When this set angle is reached, the speed is switched from the first speed to the second speed. | 1 degree |
| No.08 | The 2th speed It sets the reverse rotation second speed after removing the torque. (It is usually set to a value larger than the first speed) | 1rpm |
| No.09 | Before time When this set time has elapsed since entering the reverse rotation process, it will start operation. | 1msec |

Reverse tightening reference waveform



7-6 Real tightening setting

It is set for a final tightening of the screws. (Numbers 1 to 50)

This tightening will choose from two types of torque method / angle method.

However, if it is set without torque sensor, selection methods tightening of No.00 is ignored.

(Or without torque sensor is set in the driver parameters.)

| Method | Exit conditions | Judgment items | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Torque method | Until it reaches the cut torque, to rotate at a specified speed. Angle from the snug torque, to determine the time result. | Zone judgment | Torque upper/lower limit | |
| Angle method | From the snug torque, it will rotate at the specified speed until it reaches the cut angle. Torque, time, torque gradient also determined. | Gradient decision | Time upper/lower limit Angle upper/lower limit Over time | |
| No torque sensor | Do tighten similar to the torque method. Calculate the torque to use the current value of the motor. | _ | _ | |

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (Uxx-yy).

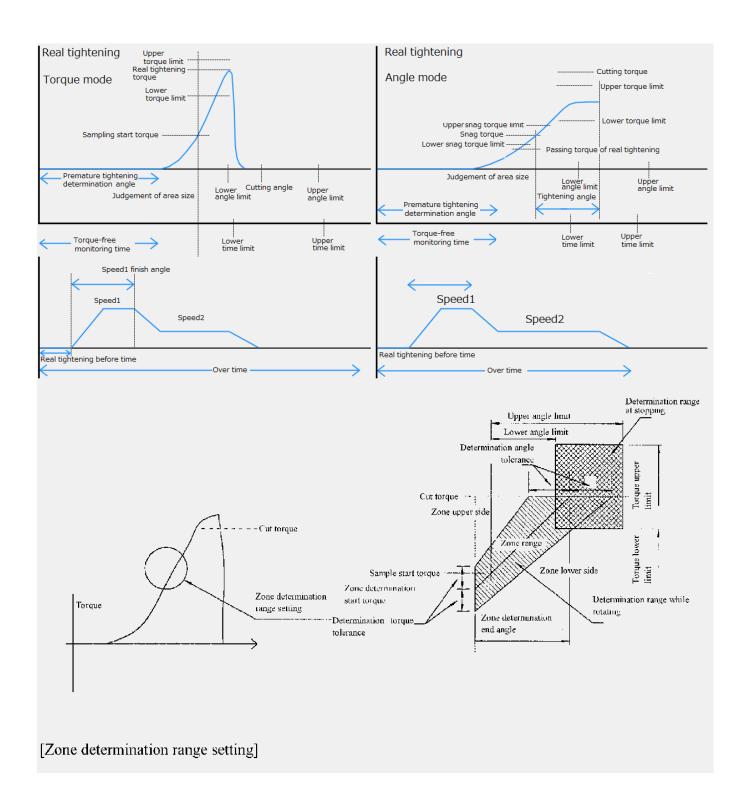
- ★ GKL should fix the value to 1.
- ☆ GSK should fix the value to 0.

| Number (yy) | Matter | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|--|
| No.00 | | Mode ★ (In GKL angle method can not be used) 0: Torque method 1: Angle method | | |
| No.01 | Torque method | Real tightening torque: This torque is the target of this tighterning. | 0.1Nm | |
| 140.01 | Angle method | Stop torque: It is a stop torque to prevent the bolt from twisting. | 0.1Nm | |
| No02. | Torque method | Measurement start torque ★: With this setting it begins measuring angle and time. | 0.1Nm | |
| 14002. | Angle method | Snag torque: It starts clamping plastic zone from this torque. It also starts measuring angle and time | 0.1Nm | |
| No.03 | , | It is the speed at the start in this process. Normally set about 50 to 80 rpm. The tightening angle is also shown when tightening with only this process. | 1rpm | |
| No.04 | , | End angle: It rotates at speed 1 until this set angle is reached. When it reaches this angle, it switches to speed 2. | 1 degree | |
| No.05 | · | This is the tightening speed in this process. 20 - 50 rpm is recommended. | 1rpm | |
| No.06 | When thi | Over time: When this set time elapses from the start of the process, the process is terminated. It outputs overtime NG when it ends. (It is excluded from time). | | |
| No.07 | | pper limit: It sets the allowable upper limit of cut torque or stop torque. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.08 | | wer limit: It sets the allowable lower limit of cut torque or stop torque. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.09 | Torque method | Stop angle★: Torque This is a setting to interrupt this process. | | |
| | Angle method | Tightening angle: This is the rotation angle from the snug torque. This sets the target angle. | 1 degree | |
| No.10 | Before tir | ne: It delays the start of this process by the set value of time. | 1msec | |
| No.11 | Time upper limit★: It sets the allowable upper limit of the time. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque". | | | |
| No.12 | Time lower limit★: It sets the allowable lower limit of the time. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque". | | | |

| Number (yy) | | Matter | Increments | |
|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--|
| No.13 | Angle upp | Angle upper limit★: It sets the allowable upper limit of the angle. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque". | | |
| No.14 | | Angle lower limit : It sets the allowable upper limit of the angle. Unlike Overtime, this time is measured from the "Measurement starting torque" or "Snag torque". | | |
| No.15 | If the meanis output. In this case | ast decision angle: asurement start torque is detected earlier than this set angle, "fast-tightening NG" se, fast-tightening refers to a state in which the screw hole is crushed and the not tightened. | 1 degree | |
| No.16 | Torque-fr | ee monitoring time: It will not monitor the torque for the set time from the start of the process. | 1msec | |
| No.17 | Judgmen It is a set | t area ★: t area is in the graph of angle and torque. ting for judging screw failure, and if it exceeds this value, it will be "screw failure". ifer to the measured value in the online etc of the automatic measurement for the | X 10 | |
| | Torque method | Reserve★ | _ | |
| No.18 | Angle method | Snag torque upper limit: It is the upper limit value of snug torque. If this value is exceeded, "snug torque over NG" is output. | 0.1Nm | |
| | Torque method | Zone judgment★: It sets whether to perform the zone judgment. | _ | |
| No.19 | Angle method | Snag torque lower limit: It is the lower limit value of snug torque. If this value is exceeded, "snug torque under NG" is output. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.20 | Torque method | Zone judgment range ★: It is one of the screw judgment. We select the range of zone judgment from the following. "No zone monitoring" ⇒ Zone judgment is not performed. "Zone lower limit ignored" ⇒ The lower limit value is not judged at zone judgment. "Zone upper limit ignored" ⇒ The upper limit value is not judged when zone judgment is made. "Zone normal monitoring" ⇒ Judge by the upper limit value and the lower limit value when judging the zone. | _ | |
| | Angle method | Real tightening torque passing: It is a torque to judge whether abnormality occurred during tightening. It is judged below this value after passing the snug torque. | 0.1Nm | |
| | Torque method | Zone starting point ★: We set the torque value at the start of zone judgment. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.21 | Angle method | Gradient decision: It sets whether to make gradient judgment. 0: None 1: Execution | | |
| N. CO | Torque method | Zone starting point tolerance ★: We set the range of start torque for executing the zone judgment. | 0.1Nm | |
| No.22 | Angle method | Gradient sampling number: The width of one sampling is represented by this set value X 0.5 °. | 1 times | |
| | Torque method | Zone end point ★: It sets the angle of judgment range at zone judgment. | 0.1 degree | |
| No.23 | Angle method | Moving average number: It sets how many times sampling is done in increments of 0.5 °. (Please refer the page number 65.) | 1 times | |

| Number (yy) | Matter | | Increments |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| No.24 | Torque method | Zone end point tolerance ★: It sets the intersection angle of the end point for the zone judgment. | 0.1 degree |
| 110.21 | Angle method | Gradient decision upper limit: It sets the upper limit value for gradient judgment. | 1% |
| No.25 | It sets wh | g tightening ★: lether to perform smoothing tightening. 1: Execution | _ |
| No.26 | Initial spe | ed ★: It sets the speed at the start of smoothing tightening | 1rpm |
| | Torque method | Cut torque at the speed ★: It sets the speed at which the cut torque is reached during smoothing tightening. | 1rpm |
| No.27 | Angle method | Snug torque speed: It sets the speed at which the snag torque is reached during smoothing tightening. | 1rpm |
| No.28 | Speed 3, 4 additional mode: It sets whether to use Speed 3 and 4. 0:None 1: Execution | | |
| No.29 | Speed 3 switching angle: When this angle is reached, speed 3 is switched. | | 1 degree |
| No.30 | Speed 3: It will be the speed when you are seated in Speed 3, 4 mode. | | 1rpm |
| No.31 | when this torque is reached it switches from Speed 3 to Speed 4. | | 0.1Nm |
| No32 | Speed 4: It is the final tightening speed in speed 3, 4 mode. | | 1rpm |
| No.33 | Torque method | Stall time☆: When the torque sensor is not used, it sets the time to hold the tightening torque in order to fix the torque. | 1msec |
| | Angle method | Gradient decision lower limit: It sets the lower limit value for gradient judgment. | 1% |
| No.34 | Torque method | Over cut time ☆: If tightening is not completed before exceeding this angle, NG will be output. | 1msec |
| 110.54 | Angle method | Reserve★ | |
| ~No.47 | Reserve | <u> </u> | _ |

X Priorities of behavior is "with smoothing tightening"> "Speed 3, 4, additional mode".



Gradient calculation method

About Gradient judgment

Setting items

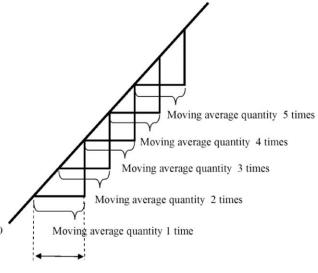
- ① Gradient sampling number
- 2 Moving average quantity
- 3 Gradient judgment value

Explanation of contents

 \bigcirc Gradient sampling number means the width of sampling per 1 time. (Torque rising value at setting number x 0.5°)

②Moving average quantity means the number to get the data of width determined by the gradient sampling number at 0.5° interval.

③Calculation method of gradient judgment value. Setting value ≤ gradient at completion of real tightening /gradient right after snag torque x 100



Gradient sampling number

Example 1

(Based on tightening result said on right) Gradient sampling number (1) Moving average quantity (7)

Gradient judgment value (70)

Gradient right after snag torque (Initial gradient)

| Q'ty | Angle | Torque rising value |
|------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 0.0~0.5 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5~1.0 | 1 |
| 3 | 1.0~1.5 | 1 |
| 4 | 1.5~2.0 | 1.5 |
| 5 | 2.0~2.5 | 1.5 |
| 6 | 2.5~3.0 | 1.5 |
| 7 | 3.0~3.5 | 1.5 |
| Ave | rage value | 1.285714286 |

Gradient at the completion of final tightening

| (COI | (Completion gradient) | | |
|------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Q'ty | Angle | Torque rising value | |
| 1 | 12.5~13.0 | 0.3 | |
| 2 | 13.0~13.5 | 0.2 | |
| 3 | 13.5~14.0 | 0.2 | |
| 4 | 14.0~14.5 | 0.2 | |
| 5 | 14.5~15.0 | 0.2 | |
| 6 | 15.0~15.5 | 0.1 | |
| 7 | 15.5~16.0 | 0.1 | |
| Ave | rage value | 0.185714286 | |
| | | | |

Gradient value $0.186 \div 1.286 \times 100 = 14.46\%$

Example 2

(Based on tightening result said on right) Gradient sampling number (2) Moving average quantity (5)

Gradient right after snag torque (Initial gradient)

Gradient judgment value (70)

| Q'ty | Angle | Torque rising value |
|------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 0.0~1.0 | 2 |
| 2 | 0.5~1.5 | 2 |
| 3 | 1.0~2.0 | 2.5 |
| 4 | 1.5~2.5 | 3 |
| 5 | 2.0~3.0 | 3 |
| Ave | rage value | 2.5 |

Gradient at the completion of final tightening (Completion gradient)

| Q'ty | Angle | Torque rising value |
|------|------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 13.0~14.0 | 0.4 |
| 2 | 13.5~14.5 | 0.4 |
| 3 | 14.0~15.0 | 0.4 |
| 4 | 14.5~15.5 | 0.3 |
| 5 | 15.0~16.0 | 0.2 |
| Ave | rage value | 0.34 |

Gradient value

$$0.34 \div 2.5 \times 100 = 13.6\%$$

Judgment becomes OK because of less than 70% of setting value in case of example 1 and example 2.

| Tightening result | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--|
| Angle | Torque | |
| 0.0 | 40.0 | |
| 0.5 | 41.0 | |
| 1.0 | 42.0 | |
| 1.0 | 43.0 | |
| 2.0 | 43.0 44.5 | |
| 2.5 | 46.0 | |
| 3.0 | 47.5 | |
| 3.5 | 49.0 | |
| 4.0 | 50.5 | |
| 4.5 | 51.5 | |
| 5.0 | 52.5 | |
| 5.5 | 53.5 | |
| 6.0 | 55.0 | |
| 6.5 | 56.5 | |
| 7.0 | 58.0 | |
| 7.5 | 59.0 | |
| 8.0 | 60.0 | |
| 8.5 | 60.5 | |
| 9.0 | 61.0 | |
| 9.5 | 61.5 | |
| 10.0 | 62.0 | |
| 10.5 | 62.5 | |
| 11.0 | 63.0 | |
| 11.5 | 63.3 | |
| 12.0 | 63.6 | |
| 12.5 | 63.9 | |
| 13.0 | 64.2 | |
| 13.5 | 64.4 | |
| 14.0 | 64.6 | |
| 14.5 | 64.8 | |
| 15.0 | 65.0 | |
| 15.5 | 65.1 | |
| 16.0 | 65.2 | |
| | | |

7-7 Rate setting

It is the basic settings for the nut runner axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Please set a value corresponding to the motor and sensors to be used in the nut runner.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (Uxx-yy).

| Number | Matter | | | Increments | |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | Torque sensor rate/Current sensor rate •Torque sensor exist: Set the torque at the time of the torque sensor | | | | |
| No.00 | output 10V. | | | | |
| | •Torque sensor none: Set the nut runner shaft end torque of that which | | | | |
| | causes a momentary maximum current to the motor. Tightening direction/Nut runner format | | | | |
| | The foll | owing Bit allocation in | | | |
| | F | Е | D~8 | 7~0 | |
| No.01 | 0 | Tightening_direction | Sensor type (Note 2) | Nut runner type (Note 1) | _ |
| 110.01 | | ing_direction ening in the right rotati | on looking at the r | notor from the encoder | |
| | side | (tightening in the motor | or shaft end CCW | rotation) | |
| | | ening in the left rotatio (tightening in the moto | | | |
| | Limit ov | er | | , | |
| | | ne zero-fold check it se nd zero output. | et the tolerance of | magnification output | |
| No.02 | Zero-po | oint output = (zero poin | | | 0.1Nm |
| 110.02 | | cation output = (magni eeds the above, respe | | | 0.114111 |
| | "magnif | ication abnormal". | • | · | |
| | | | ting, current sense | or:about 10% at rating) | |
| | Set over Set the fluctuation tolerance value every zero times check. | | | | |
| No 00 | It compares the current output value and the output value in the | | | | |
| No.03 | previous zero times check, , respectively When the difference exceeds the set value each will be "zero offset fluctuation abnormal" and | | | | |
| | "magnification change abnormal". | | | | |
| | (About 2% of the torque sensor rating) Zero point preset | | | | |
| No.04 | The output voltage at no-load of the torque sensor, set in the torque | | | | 0.1Nm |
| 110101 | conversion. Usually set to "0". | | | | 0 |
| | Magnification preset | | | | |
| No.05 | | | | e sensor magnification | 0.1Nm |
| | check with a torque conversion. Usually set the 1/2 of the value of the "torque sensor rating". | | | | |
| | | rrection | on of cutout of the | torquo (quirrant) canaci | |
| | It is used to perform a correction of output of the torque (current) sensor (slope). | | | | |
| | If not co | orrected, set the half of | | • | |
| No.06 | Torque value after correction (T) is calculated by the following equation. | | | | |
| | T= Sensor output voltae (V) X Torque sensor rate X Magnification preset | | | | |
| | | 10(V) | - | Gain correction | |
| | | | n value, the actua | l torque will be higher. | |
| | Reducti | | runner geer | | |
| No.07 | To set the gear ratio of the nut runner gear. Please set as mechanism when the motor shaft rotates the set value is | | | | 0.1rev |
| No 00 | one rotation. | | | | |
| No.08 | Moter model (Note 3) — | | | _ | |

Note 1: About value of nut runner type.

| Mut rupper type | Value |
|-----------------|-------|
| Nut runner type | |
| ANZ-200 | 0 |
| ANZ-350 | 1 |
| ANZ-450 | 24 |
| ANZ-500 | 3 |
| ANZ-850 | 3 |
| ANZ-1500 | 4 |
| ANZ-2000 | 5 |
| ANZ-3000 | 6 |
| ANZ-3500 | 7 |
| ANZ-4500 | 8 |
| ANZ-4500H | 9 |
| ANCKH-150 | 15 |
| ANCKH-350 | 10 |
| ANCKH-600 | 17 |
| ANCKH-1000 | 18 |
| ANZ-6000 | 19 |
| ANZ-8000 | 20 |
| ANZ-12000 | 21 |
| ACKHM-200 | 33 |
| ACKHM-500 | 39 |
| ACKHM-400 | 42 |
| ACKHM-700 | 52 |
| ANZM-50 | 44 |
| ANZM-250 | 43 |
| ANZM-350 | 45 |

| Nut runner type | Value |
|-----------------|-------|
| ANZM-500 | 47 |
| ANZM-850 | 48 |
| ANZM-1600 | 50 |
| ANZM-2000 | 51 |
| ANZM-3000 | 53 |
| ANZM-3500 | 63 |
| ANZM-5000 | 55 |
| ANZM-7000 | 56 |
| ANZM-9000 | 57 |
| ANZM-12000 | 75 |
| ANZM-15000 | 60 |
| ANZM-20000 | 36 |
| ANZMH-200 | 46 |
| ANZMH-450 | 49 |
| ANZMH-900 | 62 |
| ANZMH-1500 | 54 |
| ANZMH-9000 | 65 |
| ANZMSH-130 | 68 |
| ANZMSH-150 | 83 |
| ANZMSH-500 | 73 |
| ANZMSH-700 | 64 |
| ANZMSH-2000 | 71 |
| ANZMKSH-40 | 80 |
| LUR-1000 | 84 |
| OTHER | 99 |

(Note) The value is 0 to 32 can not be used in the GSK / GKL. (GSS only)

Note 2: About value of sensor type.

| | 71 |
|-------------|-------|
| Sensor type | Value |
| _ | 0 |
| 100S | 1 |
| 200 | 2 |
| 250 | 3 |
| 350 | 4 |
| 500 | 5 |
| 850 | 6 |
| 1500 | 7 |
| 2500 | 8 |
| 4000 | 9 |
| 5000 | 10 |

| Sensor type | Value |
|-------------|-------|
| 7000 | 11 |
| 7500 | 12 |
| 8000 | 13 |
| 12000 | 14 |
| 15000 | 15 |
| 20000 | 16 |
| ANMSH-13 | 17 |
| AZM-40SH | 18 |
| AZMSH-70 | 19 |
| AZMT-150 | 20 |
| OTHER | 21 |

Note 3: About value of motor model

| Motor model | Value |
|-----------------|-------|
| TS4129N2820E230 | 0 |
| TS4200E5 | 1 |
| TS4201E5 | 2 |
| TS4202E5 | 3 |
| TS4203E5 | 4 |
| TS4204E12 | 5 |
| TS4204N31E5 | 6 |
| TS4509N2825E203 | 7 |
| TS4515N2820E202 | 8 |
| TS4603N1920E203 | 9 |

| Motor model | Value |
|-----------------|-------|
| TS4603N1925E203 | 10 |
| TS4609N1920E203 | 11 |
| TS4612N1920E601 | 12 |
| TS4614N6920E102 | 13 |
| TS4617N1520E203 | 14 |
| TS4617N1920E203 | 15 |
| TS4618N1920E203 | 16 |
| TS4619N1920E203 | 17 |
| TS4619N1922E207 | 18 |
| TS4839N2820E235 | 19 |

Note: In the GSK / GKL TS42 *** it can not be used. (GSS only)

7-8 X-axis rate setting

It is the basic settings for the X-axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Please set the motor and the moving speed, and the like to be used in the X-axis.

X-axis rate number 28 to 30, number 28 is X/Y-axis Inching. - No. 29 is specified point movement.

- No. 30 is used in the back X.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (= xx-yy).

| Number (yy) | Matter | | | Increments |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| No.00 | Acceleration time constant The acceleration time constant at the time of position movement set in the rotation angle unit of the motor. | | | 10 rpm/s |
| No.01 | Deceleration time The deceleration rotation angle unit | time constant at the time of position movement set in the | 0000-7FFF | 10 rpm/s |
| No.02 | Moving Speed It set the moveme | ent speed at the time of position movement. | 0000-9999 | 1mm/s |
| No.03 | Point ± detection When the current | Point ± detection range When the current coordinate is within the range "X-coordinate ± the set value of the points", GSK driver determines that the move to the specified point has | | |
| No.04 | Range output ① lower limit | When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "X range output ①" will turn | 0000-9999 | 1mm |
| No.05 | Range output ① upper limit | ON.* | 0000 0000 | 1111111 |
| No.06 | Range output ② lower limit | When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "X range output ②" will turn | 0000-9999 | 1mm |
| No.07 | Range output ② upper limit | ON.* | | |
| No.07 | Motor revolution amount of movement It is set something to mili meters move when the motor is rotated 1. | | 0000-9999 | 0.001 mm/rev |
| No.08 | Motor model It is set the model of motor. (See the motor model list) | | 0000-7FFF | _ |
| No.09 | Source direction of When the position motor is turning in 0000:CW directio 0001:CCW direction | 0000 / 0001 | _ | |

7-9 Y-axis rate setting

It is the basic settings for the Y-axis. (Number 1 to 30)

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (= xx-yy).

| Number (yy) | | Matter | Setting range | increments |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| No.00 | Acceleration and deceleration time constant The acceleration time constant at the time of position movement set in the rotation angle unit of the motor. | | 0000-7FFF | 10 rpm/s |
| No.01 | Deceleration time The deceleration rotation angle unit | time constant at the time of position movement set in the | 0000-7FFF | 10 rpm/s |
| No.02 | Moving Speed It set the moveme | ent speed at the time of position movement. | 0000-9999 | 1mm/s |
| No.03 | Point ± detection When the current | range coordinate is within the range "Y-coordinate ± the set s", GSK driver determines that the move to the specified | 0000-9999 | 0.1mm |
| No.04 | Range output ① lower limit | When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "Y range output ①" will turn | 0000-9999 | 1mm |
| No.05 | Range output ① upper limit | ON.* | 0000 0000 | |
| No.06 | Range output ② lower limit | When the current Y-axis coordinate is within the range of this setting, the output signal "Y range output 2" will turn | 0000-9999 | 1mm |
| No.07 | Range output ② upper limit | ON.* | 0000 3333 | |
| No.07 | Motor revolution amount of movement It is set something to mili meters move when the motor is rotated 1. | | 0000-9999 | 0.001 mm/rev |
| No.08 | Motor model It is set the model of motor. (same as X-axis rate) | | 0000-7FFF | _ |
| No.09 | motor is turning in 0000:CW direct | n is increased in the positive direction, and set whether the | 0000 / 0001 | |

X The setting value of the range output will be the range output that Y Jikuteikaku numbers 1 to 4 are each units 1 to 4.

Please beware that the settings for the unit rather than the axis.

Motor model list

| Motor model | value |
|-------------|-------|
| TS4603 | 3 |
| TS4604 | 4 |
| TS4607 | 5 |
| TS4609 | 6 |
| TS4610 | 10 |
| TS4612 | 12 |
| TS4613 | 13 |

7-10 Point setting

It will remember the XY coordinates of each unit in the form of a point number.

If GSKIF instructs the move to GSK driver, specify the point number, not the coordinate value.

Number is the number of the case to be set from GSK driver panel (= x-yyy-z).

The x is the unit number $(1 \sim 4)$, yyy is point number $(1 \sim 255)$, z indicates the axis type.

| Number (yy) | Matter | | | Setting range | Increments |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| No.000 ~ No.254 | Point coordinate value (Point number1~255) Set the coordinate values of the point of the X-axis. ※ Axis type (z):0 is the X-axis, 1 is the Y-axis. | | | 0000-9999 | 0.1mm |
| No.255 | Reserve | | | _ | _ |
| | Set the adjacent interference distance 1 to 8. The combination of the unit number (x) and the shaft type (z) shows the following value. | | | | |
| | Unit number(x) | Axis type(z) | Meaning | | |
| No256 | 1 | 0 1 | Adjacent interference distance 1 Adjacent interference distance 2 | _ | _ |
| | 2 | 0 1 | Adjacent interference distance 3 Adjacent interference distance 4 | | |
| | 3 | 0 1 | Adjacent interference distance 5 Adjacent interference distance 6 | | |
| | 4 | 0 1 | Adjacent interference distance 7 Adjacent interference distance 8 | | |
| No257 | Set the soft limit (- Set the upper ope number (x) and th | rating limit coor | dinate value according to the unit | _ | _ |
| No258 | Set the adjacen The combinatio following value. Unit number(x) 1 2 | | Meaning Adjacent interference distance 10 Adjacent interference distance 11 Adjacent interference distance 11 Adjacent interference distance 12 Adjacent interference distance 13 Adjacent interference distance 13 Adjacent interference distance 14 | _ | _ |
| | 4 0 | 0 | Adjacent interference distance 15 Adjacent interference distance 15 Adjacent interference distance 16 | | |
| No.259 ~ No.266 | Each individual operation interlock setting (GSK is not used because it has no function.) | | | _ | _ |
| No267 | Adjacent interference check invalid setting BIT1 0:check 1:not check X Note that the check "to" 0 | | | _ | _ |
| No268 | Set the soft limit (- direction). Set the lower operating limit coordinate value according to the unit number (x) and the shaft type (z). | | | _ | _ |
| No269 ~ No.287 | Reserve | | | _ | _ |

7-11 (Fn.01) Tightening result monitor of the 1th axis

| Number | Content |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Fn.1- 00 to 42 | This displays the result of 1th axis. |

Monitor only. You cannot change the content.

7-12 (Fn.02) Tightening result monitor of the 2th axis

| Number | Content |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Fn.2- 00 to 42 | This displays the result of 2th axis. |

Monitor only. You cannot change the content.

<u>XThe display contents of the Fn.1 and Fn.2</u>

In data selection mode, when they are the Fn1-xx and Fn2-xx, you can monitor the data of screw tightening each CH1 and CH2. Its contents are as in the following table.

| Mussah au | - |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Number | Contents |
| 00 | Screw number |
| 01 | Program number |
| 02 | The torque results of socket alignment operating |
| 03 | The time results of socket alignment operating |
| 04 | The angle results of socket alignment operating |
| 05 | The torque results of pre-tightening operation |
| 06 | The time results of pre-tightening operation |
| 07 | The angle results of pre-tightening operation |
| 80 | The torque results of final tightening operation |
| 09 | The time results of final tightening operation |
| 10 | The angle results of final tightening operation |
| 11 | The sample point torque of final tightening operation |
| 12 | The final slope ratio of final tightening operation |
| 13 | Spare |
| 14 | The torque results of reverse operation |
| 15 | The time results of reverse operation |
| 16 | The angle results of reverse operation |
| 17 | Result number |
| 18 | The fast-forward torque result of pre-tightening |
| 19 | The fast-forward time result of pre-tightening |
| 20 | The fast-forward angle result of pre-tightening |
| 21 | The area result of pre-tightening |
| 22 | The area result of final tightening |
| 23 | The initial slope of the final tightening |
| 24 | The final slope of the final tightening |
| 25 | The gradient ratio of t final tightening ((23) / (24) × 100) |
| 26 | The sample point torque result of pre-tightening |
| 27 | The total operating time result of the pre-tightening operation |
| 28 | The total rotation angle result of the pre-tightening operation |
| 29 | The total operating time result of the final tightening operation |
| 30 | The total rotation angle result of the final tightening operation |
| 31 | The sample point angle result of the reverse rotation |
| 32 | The execution time of the program operation |
| 33 | Spare |
| 34 | Spare |
| 35 | The offset torque result of zero magnification check operation |
| 36 | Zero preset value of the "rate" parameter |
| 37 | The test of the zero magnification check operation |
| 38 | The gain correction value of the "rate" parameter |
| 39 | The number of running the program operation |
| 40 | Position data of the motor[2048/rev] |
| 41 | The A / D input value of the torque sensor [2048/10V] |
| 42 | (Parameter)typical value of torque sensor preset |
| | 1. a.asta./Jp.sai taido di torque conton procet |

You can update the display data by long press of the "←" button.

7-13(Fn.03) Input and output monitor

| Number | Unit number | Matter | Setting range |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Un.0 | Display the internal state of the GSK-IF | [No.0 ~ No.12]: check the network status [No.14, No.15]: GSK-IF alarm display [Other than those described above]: Preliminary |
| Fn3-00 to 19 | Un.1 to 7 | Display the input and output signals of communication with the PLC | [No.0-No.5]: the contents of the input signal 0 to 5 [No.6-No.19]: the contents of the output signal 0 to 13 |

※ Attention point of the input-output monitor

The signal monitor display is a hexadecimal display.

Please do the following change to convert it to parallel I/O data.

• 4 digits of displayed contents are changed from a hexadecimal number to a binary number.

Right end of the value after a change (LSB) is equivalent to IN 0/OUT 0.

It is incremented by one in accordance as the advance on the left sidet, it will be the IN 15 / OUT 15.

If the corresponding digit isn't calculated as "0".

7-14 (Fn.04) Operation instruction from GSK drive

The write operation of Fn4 will be the operating instructions for the GSK interface.

Set the operation type to Fn4-00 and the data number to Fn4-01, and it will execute the following operations by the long press the left arrow button.

| Number | Matter | Description |
|--------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fn400 | Operation type | The final tightening result print start Special Operation |
| Fn401 | Data number | This becomes a different meaning by the operation type. [In the case of operation type = 1] Unit number (1 to 7). [In the case of operation type = 2] Special operation for debugging 1: It will allow the special operation ★ 1 2: SETTING.BIN file save (GSK interface⇒SD) 3: SETTING.SD file save (GSK interface⇒SD) 4: Preliminary 5: SETTINGS.BIN file read (SD⇒GSK) ★ 2 6: SETTING.SD file read (SD⇒GSK) 7: Preliminary 8:Communication port exchange of debugging and PC communication (RS232C → USB). |

- ★ 1: Only just after writing in "1" for wrong operation prevention, after 2 moves. For example, when you want to save the SETTING.BIN file, please do in the 1 → 2 of the order. You need to do from writing again "1" If you perform another operation.
- ★2: After the end of a read, please cut the powersupply and turn on the power of GSK interface after that.

7-15 (Fn.5) unit setting

| Number | Matter | Setting range |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| NO.oo | The □□ is axis number. Please set each axis belongs the unit number to Un- ○○. The set value of the unit will be the station number of SIO. Please be sure to set "Un.01" as an axis with the interface unit. To the axis of the shaft cut is set to "Un" the unit number. | Un.01~Un.07 Un.- |
| No | Save at once all of the data of Fn.11 at the SAVE button. | _ |

[Caution]

Please the power of always GSKIF after changing the unit set to the OFF / ON.

GSK system does not correspond to change the unit configuration while the power is ON.

7-16 (Fn.6) Interface unit setting

| Number | Matter | Setting range | Increments |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| No.00 | To select equipment type: Here you select the type of equipment. This setting is used in the adjacent interference check in the positioning mode. 0000:Standard coordinate 0001: Special coordinate1 0002: Special coordinate2 | 0000/0002 | _ |
| | The maximum waiting time of waveform read in quality management PC [Multi axis mode] This setting is not used in this mode. [Positioning mode] It sets the maximum time to wait when it reads the waveform to the quality control personal computer. The quality control personal computer will read the waveform at the end of a block, but the reading of the waveform is needs the many time. This setting is a timer in order to hold between the read. 1~9:Waiting time 0:Quality management PC is invald | | |
| No.01 | [Set 1 or more] It is pending the execution of the next block until it finishes reading waveform of all the units by the personal computer at the end of a block. If the waveform reading finshed earlier than the setting time, it will start the next block as soon as reading is over. ⇒When the reading of the wave pattern of all units is not finished even if it reaches in waiting time, I start the next blocking. ※This setting is the setting for the quality control personal computer, but the behavior is the same if you have connected the setting personal computer. Please be sure to set a 0 if you do not want to connect the quality management PC. | 0000-0009 | sec |
| No.02 | Screw number for ID output It sets the maximum number of for a single work. | 0000-0099 | _ |
| No.03 | This sets the communication speed of the personal computer (1 byte data of hexadecimal) communication speed of setting personal computer (bps) * 0:9600 * 1:19200 * 2:38400 communication speed of quality control personal computer (bps) * 0: 19200 * 1:38400 | 0000-0012 | _ |
| No.04 | Setting of the external display (Decimal data) 1th digit: Display valid (0: Invalid 1: Valid) 2th digit: Language switching (0: Japanese 1: English) **Language will be changed by sending the information of the language switching to an external display. | 0000-0011 | _ |
| No.05 | M-NET signal monitor unit selection This select the unit number (1 to 7) to be displayed in GSK driver panel according to the M-NET signal monitor (Fn03). If set to 0 will be the state monitoring of GSK interface. | 0001-0007 | _ |
| No.06 | Waveform resolution to an external display The resolution of the waveform data when transmitted to an external display in 0.5-degree increments. (For example, 0.5 degrees: 05,1.0 degrees: 10,1.5 degrees: 15,2.0 degrees: 20) | 0005-0095 | 0. 1degree |

| Number | Matter | Setting range | Increments |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| No.07 | Communication speed of the external display (bps) 0:38400 1:57600 2:76800 3:115200 [Note: the operation of the later version 1721-141] When the power is ON it will connect at the optimal speed to check the communication speed of the display. This setting is the default communication speed in the case of the connection between the power is turned ON display it could not be confirmed. Please combine this setting with the communication speed of display as possible. | 0-3 | _ |
| No.08 | Print Settings (hexadecimal data) This sets the conditions relating to the printer output. BIT7: new line code specified (0: LF 1: CR + LF) BIT6-3: unused BIT1-0: Auto Print selection (00: N / 01: every time 10: NG at the time / 11: First N stand + when NG) | _ | _ |
| No.09 | Online print mode BIT5: print format (0: Standard 1: Jamco specification) BIT4: zero times result print presence or absence BIT3: Print the presence or absence of this tightening results BIT2: Print the presence or absence of the reverse result BIT1: temporary tightening result print presence or absence BIT0: socket alignment prints presence or absence | _ | _ |
| No.10 | Initial number (N at the time of the "automatic printing selected first N stand" of No08 Print Settings) | | _ |
| No.11 | QL setting ※ This feature is enabled by Version1721-170 below. | _ | _ |
| No.12 | PLC setting This sets the such as IO size of the PLC to be connected to the Anybus board. Please set the parameters according to the PLC to be connected. Meaning of the value depends on the Anybus board. | _ | _ |
| No.13 ~ No.19 | Reserve | _ | _ |

7-17 (Fn.7) ID controller connection setting

| Number | Matter |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| No.0 | ID controller output content setting |
| No.1 | ID controller output content setting |
| No.2 | Function selection of the Interface unit CH12 |
| No.3 | SIO start address setting " set at the 1-7 " |
| No | Save at once all of the data of Fn.12 at the SAVE button. |

Please refer to the following about the details of the above-mentioned Fn.7.

| No. | Digit | Setting value | Transmission timing |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 1 st digit | 0 | Data transmission at block judgement output |
| | | 1 | Data transmission at start of next block and input of judgement reset input |
| | | 2 | Data transmission from command from the upper device |
| | | Min.3 | Not used |
| No0 | 2 nd digit | 0 to 7 | Set the digit no. of engine no. transmission (digit no-1) |
| | 3 rd digit | 0/1 | Setting of with or w/o transmission eith axis no. 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted |
| | 4 th digit | 0/1 | Setting yes or no with transmission of each axis judgement 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted |
| | 1 st digit | Refer to the | Set the digit no. of transmission with torque |
| No1 | 2 nd digit | undermentioned | Set the digit no. of transmission with time |
| 1401 | 3 rd digit | data | Set the digit no. of transmission with angle |
| | 4 th digit | data | Set the digit no. of transmission with gradient |
| | 1 st digit | 0 to 4 | I/F unit selection of ch2 function 0: Operation as printer port 1: Connection of ID controller of standard specification 2: Output of T spec. torque and judgement 3: Output of T spec. judgement 4: Connection with J spec. ID controller Quality control PC This port is possible with operation if the number is order than zero. |
| No2 | 2 nd digit | 0/1 | Set Yes or No with transmission of date and time 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted |
| | 3 rd digit | 0/1 | Set Yes or No with transmission of program no. 0: not to be transmitted 1: to be transmitted |
| | 4 th digit | 0/1 | Set Yes or No with transmission of unit no. 0: No/select gradient 1: Yes/select gradient 2: No/select snag. 3: Yes/select snag |
| No3 | _ | 1 to 7 | Set address of M-Net station Set station address of unit 1. Address after 2 is the serial number following to setting value *1. |
| No | Save the whole data of Fn.12 in a lump by the SAVE button | | |

| Setting value | Torque, angle, gradient | Time | Remark |
|---------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 0 | It doesn't transmit. | | |
| 2 | *. * | *. * | 2 nd digit with decimal point |
| 3 | * * . * | *. * * | 3 rd digit with decimal point |
| 4 | * * * . * | * . * * * | 4th digit with decimal point |
| 5 | * * * * . * | * * . * * * | 5 th digit with decimal point |
| 6 | * * * * * . * | * * * . * * * | 6 th digit with decimal point |
| Α | * * | * * | 2 nd digit without decimal point |
| b | * * * | * * * | 3 rd digit without decimal point |
| С | * * * * | * * * * | 4th digit without decimal point |
| d | * * * * * | * * * * | 5 th digit without decimal point |
| E | * * * * * | * * * * * | 6 th digit without decimal point |

In case of setting value not provided, the operation is same as zero.

8. Supplementary explanation

8-1 Operation auxiliary function

①Zero times check function: Zero times checked every block tightening.

Carried out in the presence or absence check by the program setting screen check Box for checking the presence or absence.

2 History data storage function

After tightening comprehensive judgment outputs, make the history data stored in each driver at the reset input as a trigger.

When the data is confirmed the data was read from GSK PC- automatic measurement screen. -

(The history data is read to PC by the all or Specified axis when the read switch on setting software. There is the cancel SW.)

3 Waveform sampling function

It can save 2048 the 2 kinds of waveform data in the each driver. 2 kinds of waveform data are waveform data1 and waveform data2.

When the number of data is over 2048, next tightening data will be overwritten.

Waveform data1: save in 10msec Interval from the block start to block end.

Waveform data2: save in 0.5degree Interval from the real tightening snag torque to real tightening finished It is possible at the setting software that it saves the waveform data 1 after tightening and it can get waveform data 2 by the always-on connection (online).

8-2 Driver function

Regeneration capability: If the drive voltage exceeds a certain value, it has a built-in regenerative circuit to be consumed by the internal resistance. (Regenerative resistor is external.)

Discharge function: The driver spontaneously discharges by the LED.

Analog monitor: Monitor signal output from the panel surface check pin (can be selected by parameter)

Standard load inertia: JL(Standard load inertia) ≤ 30JM(30 times of the moter inertia)

Tightening history storage: The data about 6,000 has been saved in the E2PROM of each axis.

The call of history, you can use the setting software.

Alarm history function: GSK has 16 times the storage of the alarm.

The call of alarm history, you can use the setting software.

9. Monitor output

Any internal signal of this driver is converted into an analog signal of -8V ~ + 8V, it can be monitored.

The output voltage is scaled so that the setting value of the monitor output scale become 8V.

The analog monitor signal is output to M1.M2 pin on the panel surface of the driver.

The setting about an analog monitor is indicated below.

Please input the address in d_00XXX.

There are the pins of M1, M2 only on CH1 side in case of GSKW.

When seeing CH2 side, please change the input ID.

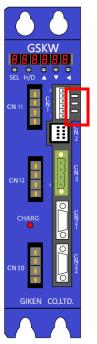
| address | Item name | Matter |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 084 | Output-ID of the | It sets the ID of the data which is output to the analog monitor 1. |
| 004 | Monitor1 | initial value: 45(The ID of the input value from the torque sensor) |
| 085 | Output-scale of the Monitor1 | The analog monitor 1 is scaled so that the set value of this parameter becomes 8V output. initial value: 2048 |
| 086 | Output-ID of the Monitor2 | It sets the ID of the data which is output to the analog monitor 2. initial value:41(Current speed ID) |
| 087 | Output-scale of the Monitor2 | The analog monitor 1 is scaled so that the set value of this parameter becomes 8V output. initial value:1500 |

The output ID set above and its contents are shown below.

| IDNumber | Display contents |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 41 ※(10041) | It represents the current speed [rpm]. It is initialized to analog monitor 2. The initial scale is 1500 [rpm / 8 V]. |
| 42 ※(10042) | It represents the motor current value for monitoring [0.01 Arms]. Please set it in torque sensor unused mode. |
| 45 ※(10045) | It represents the output current value of the torque sensor. It is initialized to analog monitor 1. The initial scale is 2048 [Arms / 8 V]. |

*When using the W type controller and checking CH 2,

please set the value which added 10000 to the number of CH 1.



※ For GSK-T4-E-N2 and GSKW-T4-E-N2 there is no analog monitor pin notation.

Pins for analog monitor in these controller types are within the red frame in the left figure.

These show the following from the top of the figure.

TP6: M1 pin TP7: M2 pin TP 8: GND

When connecting, please connect to pin and GND respectively.

10. Code table

10-1 NG Code List

| Operation | Code display | Matter |
|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Basic NG FFFF FF00 | | Emergency stop Preparation for operation off during operation or START OFF in the running program. |
| | 0001 | Zero offset error During the zero / double check, zero point output has exceeded the limit over range. |
| | 0002 | Magnification error During the zero / double check, magnification output exceeds the limit over the range. |
| Before | 0003 | Zero offset fluctuation error Difference in the previous and current output value exceeds the set over. |
| starting check, etc. | 0004 | Magnification fluctuation error Difference in the previous and current output value exceeds the set over. |
| | 0033 | 1.On nut runner Tightening sampling error 2.On position mode Return to origin point over time error |
| | 0034 | Homing operation at the time of incomplete. Position move command of the X/Y-axis has been issued in the state of origin return is not yet completed. |
| | 0106 | Gear checkNG1 In the torque-free monitoring time, angle tightening has reached the cut angle. |
| 500 T | 0107 | Gear checkNG2 Motor current during rotation exceeds the torque upper limit equivalent. ※The torque limit is a current value. |
| SOC.T | 0108 | Fitting angle over It does not reach the fitting torque exceeds the cut angle. |
| | 0111 | SOC.T torque over Torque value at the time of arrest has exceeded the upper limit. |
| | 0112 | SOC.T torque under |
| | 0133 | SOC.T over time Pre tightening early tightening NG It reaches the second speed switching torque between the closed fast decision angle from the start. |
| | 0211 | Pre tightening torque over The torque value at the time of arrest has exceeded the upper limit. |
| | 0212 | Pre tightening torque under The torque value at the time of stopping does not reach the lower limit. |
| DDE T | 0221 | Pre tightening time over The time when stopped exceeds the maximum. |
| PRE.T | 0222 | Pre tightening time under It does not reach the lower limit time at stop. |
| | 0231 | Pre tightening angle over Angle at the time of arrest has exceeded the upper limit. |
| | 0232 | Pre tightening angle under Angle at the time of arrest does not reach the lower limit. |
| | 0233 | Pre tightening over time |
| | 0240 | Pre tightening area over |

| | 1 | Deverage tightening mass torque NC |
|---------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 0306 | Reverse tightening pass torque NG |
| | | During operation, it was not equal to or greater than the set value |
| | 0007 | of the torque. |
| | 0307 | Reverse tightening sticking judgment NG |
| | 0311 | Reverse tightening torque over |
| REV.T | | The torque at the measured angle is greater than the upper limit. |
| | 0321 | Reverse tightening time over |
| | 0321 | The time when stopped exceeds the maximum. |
| | 0322 | Reverse tightening time under |
| | 0022 | It does not reach the lower limit time at stop. |
| | 0333 | Reverse tightening over time |
| | 0403 | Real tightening zone NG |
| | 0403 | Out of the zone determination range at torque method. |
| | | Real tightening gradient NG |
| | 0404 | Gradient at an angle method exceeds the set value. |
| | | It has ended operation before the acquisition of basic gradient. |
| | 0.405 | Quality check torque NG |
| | 0405 | The torque value at the time of arrest has exceeded the range. |
| | 0.400 | Quality check angle NG |
| | 0406 | The angle at the time of arrest has exceeded the range. |
| | | Real tightening closed fast NG |
| | 0407 | Torque has reached the sampling start torque between the closed |
| | | fast decision angle from the start. |
| | 0411 | Real tightening torque over |
| | | Torque value at the time of arrest has exceeded the upper limit. |
| | 0412 | Real tightening torque under |
| | | Torque value at the time of stopping does not reach the lower limit. |
| REA.T | 0421 0422 | Real tightening time over |
| INLA. I | | The time when stopped exceeds the upper limit. |
| | | Real tightening time under |
| | | It does not reach the lower limit time at stop |
| | | |
| | 0431 | Real tightening angle over |
| | | Angle at the time of arrest has exceeded the upper limit. |
| | 0432 | Real tightening angle under |
| | 0.400 | Angle at the time of arrest does not reach the lower limit. |
| | 0433 | Real tightening over time |
| | 0434 | Real tightening over cut angle |
| | | Angle from the start was over. (No torque sensor only) |
| | 0440 | Real tightening area over |
| | 0441 | Real tightening snag torque over |
| | | TQ2 used was beyond the scope. |
| | 0442 | Real tightening snag torque under |
| | | TQ2 used does not reach the range. |
| | 0451 | Real tightening torque decrease NG |

10-2 Alarm Code List

Alarm generated in the GSK IF (EC*)

| Code display Matter | Detection factor | Cause | Counterplan |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EC0 | Selected program error / Details of the problem | It is Outside the range specified program No. | Confirmation of program selection signal |
| Program | | Program data GSKIF remember is illegal state. (Check SUM) | Readjustment of a program |
| Number error | | There are no nut runners by multi axis mode. | Confirmation of the unit setting |
| EC1 Operation details of the error | Deciphering impossible operation is set. | Program data GSKIF remember is illegal state. (You found an unknown command) | Readjustment of a program |
| | | Unit misconfiguration | Confirmation of the unit setting |
| EC2 | The specified axis has not | ARC-NET communication failure | Confirmation of the connection between GSK interface and GSK driver |
| No action-axis error ※Reset is impossible. | been implemented. /the axis number is mapped twice. | | Confirmation of the connection among GSK drivers |
| | | | Check whether the axis number of GSK driver saide and unit setting is matching |
| EC3 FRAM error ※Reset is impossible. | Anomaly detection by self-check of GSKIF farm | Ensure shortage of backup area | Review the GSKIF of firmware |
| | | M-NET connection faulty wiring | Confirmation of the wiring |
| EC4 External communication | M-NET communication has stopped. | Station address of the PLC side, the number of bytes sent and received abnormal | Confirmation of the sequence settings |
| error ※Reset is | | M-NET station address misconfiguration | Confirmation of the N-NET stations |
| impossible. | | Shield processing defects of the M-NET connection line | Confirmation of the wiring |
| EC5 Rate number setting error | NR/X/Y axis rate number error | NR/X/Y axis rate assignment other than 1 to 30 | Confirmation of the program setting |
| EC6 Position select error | Position select error at the time of JOG operation | Selected positions at the time of JOG operation are other than 1 to 255. | Confirmation of the input and output signals |

| Code display Matter | Detection factor | Cause | Counterplan |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EC7 | Communicatio n error with Z axis driver | CAN cable connection problem | Change the cable |
| CAN communication | | Fogging or mismatch of Z axis driver ID | Review the driver settings |
| error | | Z axis driver turns off | Reboot the master |
| EC9 | It occurs, when turning on the power. | ARC-NET communication failure | Same as EC2 |
| Arcnet communication error | | Without replies from GSK driver | It's checked whether index of an axis on the driver side is parallel with index of an axis of unit setting. |

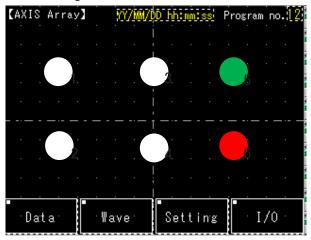
Alarm generated in the GSK driver (E**)

| Code | Alerm names and detection contents / Cause of generation and treatment |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | [IPM error] Power drive signal error (overcurrent / overheat / power supply error) |
| | Short circuit between motor windings : Replace motor |
| | 2. Short circuit of motor connection cable : Replace cable |
| F44 | 3. Controller drive circuit failure : Replace controller |
| E11 | 4. Overheating due to overload |
| | 5. The ambient temperature of the controller is abnormally high |
| | : Review the installation environment |
| | 6. Fan does not work : Replace controller |
| | [Overload] The motor average current exceeded the "overload alarm detection value" (see * 6-1) |
| | Excessive load torque : Reduced load |
| E21 | 2. Acceleration / deceleration frequency of operation is too high: Change of operation pattern |
| | 3. Overload alarm set value is too small : "d00104" parameter change |
| | 4. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d00141" |
| | [Current control error] The average deviation of the current control loop exceeded |
| | the "current control error value" 1. Motor disconnection: Replace motor |
| E22 | Notor disconnection . Replace motor Broken motor connection cable : Replace cable |
| | Cocurrence of abnormal vibration : Readjustment of servo gain |
| | 4. Resolver NR is used : "d00114" parameter review |
| | [Overspeed] The motor speed exceeded the "overspeed alarm detection value". |
| | Excessive command speed : Review of command speed |
| | 2. Overspeed detection set value is too small : "d00105" parameter change * |
| E31 | * There is a difference in initial value between NR and positioning. |
| E31 | Representative value NR: 15000 Positioning: 7500 |
| | Since the value varies depending on the model, please contact the manufacturer for details. |
| | Overshoot during control : Servo gain readjustment |
| | 4. After resetting the absolute position detection senso r: Reset the alarm again. |
| | [Position control counter overflow] Position data exceeds ± 68000000h |
| E41 | Rotated in a certain direction for a long time: Review of operation pattern |
| | 2. Does not move due to cable disconnection or wiring mistake: Cable replacement |
| | [Excessive deviation] Position deviation exceeded "deviation error detection value" |
| | A large position command has been added in steps: Review of the position command Motor disconnection: Motor replacement |
| E42 | Notor disconnection. Motor replacement Disconnection of motor connection cable: Encoder / resolver cable replacement |
| | Abnormal vibration occurs: Servo gain readjustment |
| | 5. Setting error of angle sensor resolution: "d00141" parameter review |
| | [Sensor error] Encoder signal cannot be detected (disconnected) |
| - 0.4 | Broken motor angle sensor connection cable : Replace the cable |
| E61 | 2. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d00140" |
| | Abnormal sensor attached to motor : Replace motor |
| | [Sensor abnormality] Abnormal sensor signal from resolver backup unit |
| F00 | 1. After an error occurred, the power was turned off without resetting: Reset the R / D_board. |
| E62 | 2. Resolver backup unit error : R / D_board replacement |
| | 3. Motor sensor magnetic pole signal error : Replace motor |
| | [Sensor error] Communication error with SmartInc or SmartABS encoder / resolver |
| E63 | 1. Connection cable error: Replace cable |
| E03 | 2. Resolver backup unit error: R / D_board replacement |
| | 3. Abnormal motor angle sensor: Replace motor |
| | [Sensor error] SmartInc or SmartABS encoder detected an error |
| | Overflow count value overflow : Reset of multi-turn position data by alarm reset |
| | 2. Battery voltage drop: Replace battery after error reset |
| E64 | 3. Cable breakage between resolver backup unit and resolver : cable replacement |
| | 4 Abnormal motor angle sensor : Replace motor |
| | 5. Malfunction of backup unit due to noise: Review cable connection and ground connection, |
| | and install ferrite core on motor connection line |
| | 6. Uncertain origin: Return to origin [Sensor abnormality] There is no HZ state when the power saving encoder power is ON |
| E65 | 1. Sensor setting error : Review parameters of "d00140" |
| | Sensor setting error : Review parameters or door40 Abnormal motor angle senso r: Replace motor |
| <u> </u> | 2. Ashermar motor angle sense i. Replace motor |

| E66 | [Abnormal sensor] Excessive amplitude of resolver signal 1. Unresolvable resolver: Please contact us 2. Sensor setting error: Review parameters of "d00114" and "d00142" 3. Resolver reception circuit error: Replace controller 4. A value exceeding the motor speed upper limit was set: Review of settings 5. Disconnection between resolver backup unit and resolver: cable replacement |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| E67 | [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality Multi-turn overflow of resolver backup unit |
| E69 | [Sensor abnormality] Sensor signal abnormality 1.Resolver backup unit error |
| E71 | [Overvoltage] Excessive drive power supply voltage 1. Drive power supply voltage exceeded 800V: Review of drive power supply 2. Drive voltage detection circuit malfunction: Controller replacement |
| E72 | [Voltage drop] Drive power supply voltage drop 1. The drive power was turned off while the servo was on: Controller replacement |
| E73 | [Regeneration abnormality] Voltage does not decrease due to regeneration 1. Regenerative resistance is too large : Replace the controller because the regenerative resistance cannot be replaced. |
| E74 | [Regenerative abnormality] Regenerative resistance overload 1. Insufficient capacity of regenerative resistor : Since the regenerative resistor cannot be replaced, replace the controller. |
| E81 | [Abnormal control power] Decrease of control 24V voltage 1. Control 24V voltage dropped: Review of external power supply unit 2. Abnormal voltage detection circuit: Replace controller |
| E82 | [Bus failure] Cannot read / write data between CPU and peripheral device normally 1. CPU peripheral circuit error : Controller replacement |
| E83 | [Current offset error] The offset value of the current sensing circuit is abnormally large 1. Abnormal current detection circuit 1. If the alarm cannot be reset after turning the drive power off, replace the controller. |
| E91 | [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be read normally 1. Non-volatile memory malfunction or memory data destroyed : Parameter initialization and resetting or controller replacement |
| E92 E93 E94 | [Non-volatile memory error] Data cannot be written normally (E92) Data cannot be erased normally (E93) Write check failure (E94) 1. Malfunction of nonvolatile memory : If the parameter is saved again and the alarm cannot be reset, replace the controller. |
| E95 | [Non-volatile memory error] Abnormality of the data to be written 1. There is a parameter setting value exceeds the allowable range : Review of the parameters |
| EA0 | [Nutrunner operation parameter error] 1. Abnormal parameter sent from IF to controller : Review of setting values |
| EA1 EA2 EA3 | [ARC-Net initialization failure] 1. ARC-Net IC error : Controller replacement |
| EA4 EA5 | [ARC-Net communication error] 1. Communication is not possible due to noise, etc. : Cable inspection, terminal processing inspection, shield processing inspection |

11. Indication on the display

[Axis arrangement]



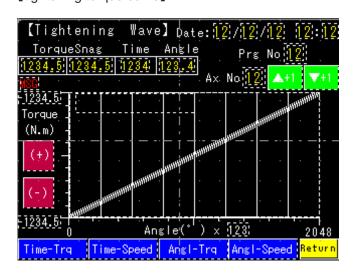
[Tightening result data]



Data of a tightening result is indicated.

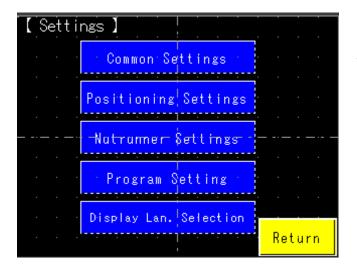
A message of a tightening result is shown to MSG part.

[tightening torque curve]



A tightening corrugation can be seen "transverse: Time - vertical axis: torque", "transverse: Time - vertical axis: speed" and "transverse: The angle - vertical line: The torque", "transverse: The angle - vertical axis: speed".

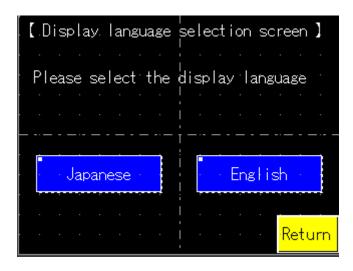
[Setting menu]



It's possible to confirm the parameter of setting variously.

Setting parameter change is possible by input PIN code.

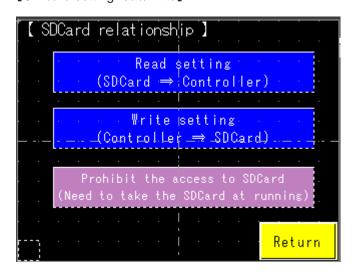
[Selevt language]



It's possible to change the language shown to a display.

The language which can be indicated is two, Japanese and English.

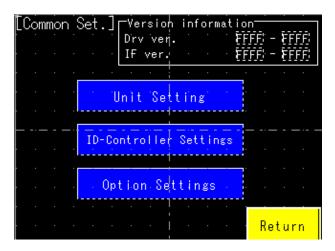
[SD card setting read/write]



The reading of the setting and writing in can do by a SD card.

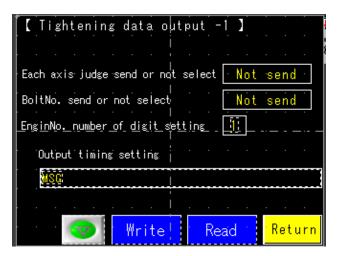
Input of PIN is needed in case of writing in.

[common setting]



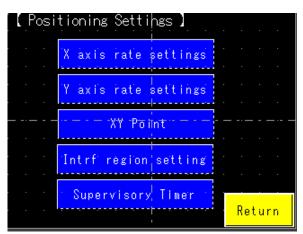
There is [unit setting] [tightening data output] [option setting] in common setting.

[output of tightening data]



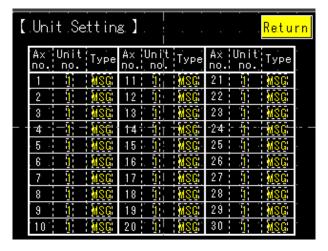
The tightening data output output from a controller is established.

[position setting]



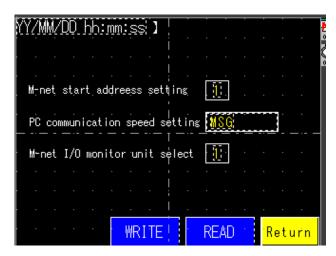
When using positioning control, X and a Y axis are stablished.

[unit setting]



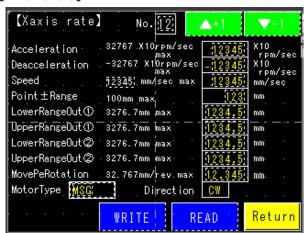
It's indicating which unit an axis is.

[option setting]



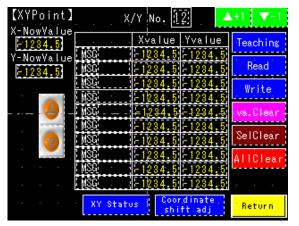
The setting contents by the option item are being indicated.

[X axis rate]

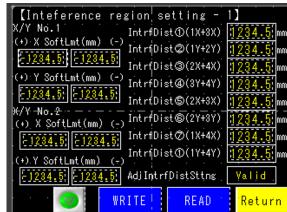


Each parameter details of rated value setting of an X axis motor are indicated.

[XY point teaching]



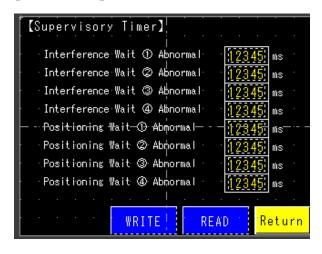
[Buffering territory setting]



Details of each parameter in the set coordinate location are indicated by each axis of XY.

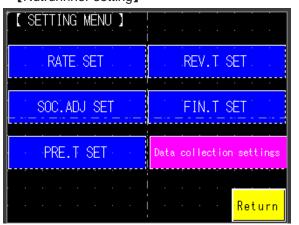
Each parameter details in a set interaction region are indicated by each XY axis.

[Monitor timer]



The restriction time details established as the intervention waiting time with the other units are indicated.

[Nutrunnner setting]



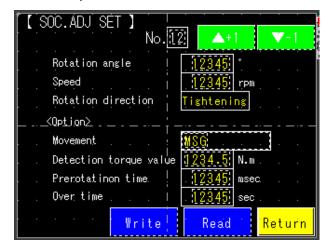
There is [rated setting] [socket adjustment] [reverse] [pre-tightening] [real-tightening] [data collection] as nut runner setting.

[Rated setting]



Each parameter of rated setting of used nut runner is indicated.

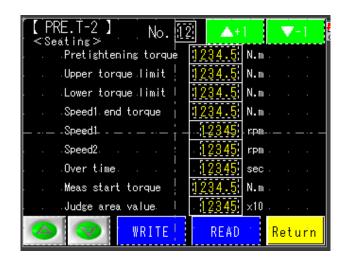
[Socket adjustment]



Each parameter of socket adjustment is indicated.

[Pre-tightening]





A parameter of pre-tightening set value is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

[Reverse]



A parameter of reverse set value is indicated.

[Real-tightening -torque control mode]





A parameter of real-tighteningl set value by the torque control mode is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

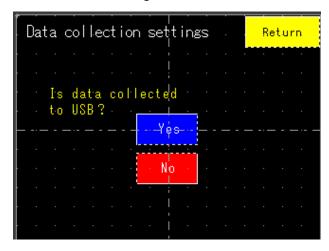
[Real-tightening -angle control mode]





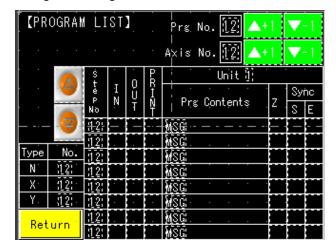
A parameter of real-tighteningl set value by the angle control mode is indicated. It's possible to do smaller control and judgment by option setting.

[Data collection setting]



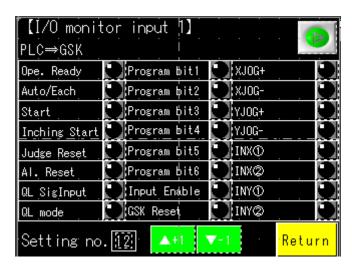
When USB is inserted in a display when "use" is chosen from a data collection setting, a tightening result is preserved by a USB memory by a CSV format.

[Program setting]



The program setting can be confirmed.

[IO monitor input]

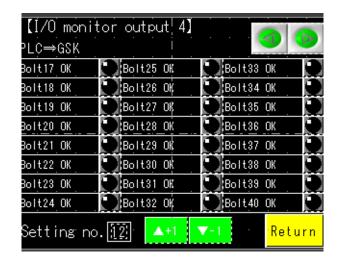


It's possible to do input confirmation of I/O monitor.

A screen is changed by an arrow button.

[IO monitor output]





It's possible to do output confirmation of I/O monitor.

A screen is changed by an arrow button.

12 Maintenance and check

12-1 PRrecautions

12-1-1 Precautions for maintenance and check

- •Before removing the unit, make sure to cut off the power supply, and discharge the voltage by operating DISCHARGE, and detect the voltage.
- •Do not operate when your hands are wet, Doing so may cause electric shock.
- Do not attempt the insulation resistance test of the driver with a Megger tester. Doing so may damage the driver
- •Do not disassemble or repair the product at the customer end.

General operating condition:

Ambient temperature should be at the annual average 30°C and the load ratio be less than 80% and operation be less than 20 hours a day.

12-1-2 Check items

Daily check

- ·Check for unusual vibration or sound.
- Check for abnormal odor.
- •Check the wire for flaw and cracks. Special care should be taken to inspect the movable cables.
- •Check the driver ventiration hole for foreign matters attached.Periodical check (1year)
- •Check the screws at tightening point for loosened condition.
- Check the tightening section for alignment failure.
- Check the cooling fan for any damage.

12-1-3 Operating life

Changes depending on the environmental condition and usage. It is required to replace the component if the abnormal condition is detected.

To replace the parts, please return it to the manufacturer for repair.

| Products | Component | Standard replacement interval | Remarks |
|----------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Capacitor | About 5 year | |
| | Relay | | Standard replacement interval is only for your reference. It is required to |
| Driver | Cooling fan | 10,000 to 30,000 hours | replace when the defective condition |
| | Battery | | is found even if it has not reached the stabdard replacement interval. |
| | E2PROM | 10,000 times of overwriting operatio | · |

12-1-4 Capacitor

• A smoothing capacitor deteriorates its characteristic under the effect of ripple current. The operating life of capacitor varies depending on the ambient temperature and using conditions but it lates about 5 years under the general operating condition.

12-1-5 Relay

•Contacts wear due to the open/close current. Relay reaches the life limit by about 100,000 times of operation

12-1-6 Cooling fan

• Due to the bearing's operating life, the cooling fan has the life of 10,000 to 30,000 hours under continuous operation.

12-1-7 Battery

Battry life is basically about 5 years. But it varies depending on the application to use.

12-1-8 E2PROM

•E2PROM for parameters storing has the limit of overwriting frequency. Data holding time is about 10 years.

12-2 Guarantee

The overwriting frequency under the guaranteed condition is as follows as an outline. It is restricted by the shortest condition in the following terms.

Parameter overwrite (Fn01 to Fn12) Each 10,000 times/total
Program overwrite 10,000 times/each axis

Tightening history data

Tightening of about 10,000,000 times/axis

Engine number data About 59,520,000 units

Alarm history Alarm 10,000 vtimes occurrence/each axis

12-3 Tightening operation glossary

UNIIT:

Multiple axes control up to 30 axes can be treated as each axis to independently operate or as a group of several axes (a unit) to operate together. One interface unit can control the maximum 7 units. At least one controller belongs to one unit (maximum 30 axes control to one unit), and one input command is assigned to one unit and then all belonging axes start operation simultaneously.

and one input command is assigned to one unit and then all belonging axes start operation simultaneously. In SIO, different station numbers assigned to each unit.

PROGRAM:

Screw tightening program can form the program from 1 to 24 on each axis.

One program begins with the control flag(Zero magnification check is performed or not, etc.) and rating setting, and it is possible to set operation to maximum 77 steps.

However, the rating block number, screw number and end is handled as 1 step.

At least one block should have been set in the program.

BLOCK:

A set of operations in tightening program. Block start begins from rating step and shows the set of steps to the end declaration. In automatic operation, one-time program start executes one block. It is also possible to start from the block on the way by designating the block number. The determination (Block OK/NG) against the operated block is output on the step in the block end declaration. If "NG" is determined on either step in the block, it becomes the "block NG" (excluding the case when there is a retry); the next step will not be executed. After determination output, the program start inintiates the next block.

STEP:

Each operation (Rotation, pretightening, reverse rotation and final tightening), block start declaration, screw number, block end declaration, and retry are called steps respectively. Step 1 will be always the block start declaration and the step 2 will be always the screw number because more than one program is needed in a program. Program is executed from the step 1 and finished by the end declaration at the final block. On the step of the final block end declaration, the total determination (Total OK/NG) is output. Each axis in the unit operates by step synchronization and the axis in which step has been complete turns OFF the servo motor and waits for the step completion of other axes. When steps of all axes are complete, the next step will be operated.

QL INPUT:

In the block where the tightening operation is in progress, if the tightening operation is not within the OK range, "NG" DEdetermination is output in this block. Operator looks at this "NG" determination and needs to retighten the screw manually. At this time, it is possible to change the determination "NG" to "OK" by inputting the tightening output of the manual torque wrench to the controller. This input is called a QL input.

RETRY:

It is possible to retry (try again) operation if NG occurred in set on the step, if NG occurred on the way from the block start declaration till the previous step of retry, the operation following the retry will be gxecuted. If NG did not occure, the operation following the rtry will not be executed.

ROTATION:

Used for screw pick up (a socket picks up a screw head) operation before tightening or preventive operation against socket-engagement after tightening.

PRETIGHTENING:

Operation to perform temporary tightening until a screw seats.

REVERSE ROTATION:

Operation to unfasten the seated screw by several turns in order to transit to final tightening. (Baking inspection of the screw by pretightening)

FINAL TIGHTENING:

Final tightening operation of screws.

ZERO MAGNIFICATION CHECK:

Inspects the torque sensor zero point and magnification (Output voltage at 1/8 momentary maximum current).

*When the zero magnification check is set on the program, the zero point of the torque sensor becomes zero automatically. However, the value exceeding the one of the rating setting becomes "Zero magnification NG".

APPLICABLE TO QC PERSONAL COMPUTERr:

Automatic gain of the tightening data and tightening waveform (Simultaneous use with a printer is not possible.)

**Tightening data: "Machine No.", "Axis No.", "Screw No.", "Date", "Time", "Program No.", Pretightning torque,
Pretightening angle, Reverse time, Reverse angle, Final tightening torque, Final tightening time, Final
tightening angle, Final tightening snag torque, Gradient, Rotation torque judgement, Unit No., Engine No.

**Tightening waveform: Waveform from the final tightening snag torque to the finish,

APPLICABLE TO ID CONTROLLER:

It is possible to transfer the engine number, set the calendar and transmit the result data by connecting the interface unt and ID controller via serial communication. (Exclusive use with a printer.)

APPLICABLE TO PRINTERS:

Connects with a printer through Centronics interface. Setting data and tightening result can be printed . (Exclusive use with a QC personal computer and ID controller)

TIGHTENING ANGLE SAMPLING OPERATION:

Operation to rotate the screw in the tightening direction at a constant speed and then stop when it reaches the preset torque, in order to measure the screw length. The angle form the start to stop is read through the personal computer vommunication. This is not the operation on the program. (Execcutable only from the personal computer and SIO)

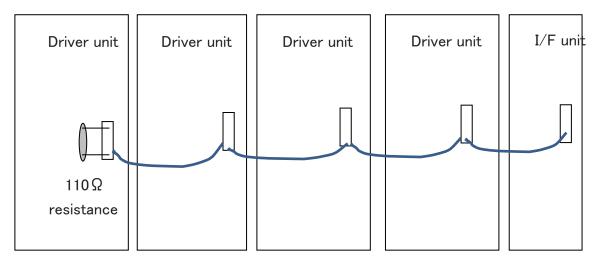
END, STOP:

During tightening operation (rotanion, pretightening, reverse tightening and final tightening), the operation may be finished to stop when the condition is matched. This point that the condition matches (during the motor running) is defined as "End" and the point actually the motor stopped is defined as "Stop". Most NG determination is executed after "Stop" is established.

Supplemental explanation

Precautions for wiring the arc net.

Please use the following drawing for the arc net wiring.



Set 110Ω resister to (+)(-) on the arc net connector of the end unit driver .

Precautions to use M-net communication

Make sure to set the SIO start address setting "Fn12 No.13" from the controller panel when SIO is selected for the communication with PLC. (If the PLC address does not match the GSK controller SIO start address, the communication between PLC and GSS cannot be established.

Password to write the setting data to GSK PC

Password when the setting is written: 2014

About GSK tightening setting additional items

1Judgment area

You set the area value to be used for judging screw defects.

Calculation of area value is obtained by integral calculation on torque and angle curve during Pre-tightening cycle (option setting item in case of Real tightening).

With the tightening waveform of the automatic measurement item in the setting software, you can check the waveform used for this calculation.

To see this waveform, you select "Extended waveform".

2Smooth tightening

This tightening controls the rotational speed steplessly.

You can set this tightening method by the option of the final tightening cycle.

By setting initial speed and the speed at the cutting torque,

the rotation speed changes steplessly according to the change of torque.

3SD card

In GSK, several functions can be used by inserting the SD card memory into the SD card slot at the top of the I / F.

The available functions are shown below.

- (1) Reading, saving and writing GSK settings
- (2) Automatic storage of tightening result

%Caution

The SD card that GSK supports is up to "SDHC".

Please note that it does not correspond to "SDXC" type.

(1) Reading, saving and writing GSK settings

You can read and write settings written to GSK-IF from the setting software to the SD card.

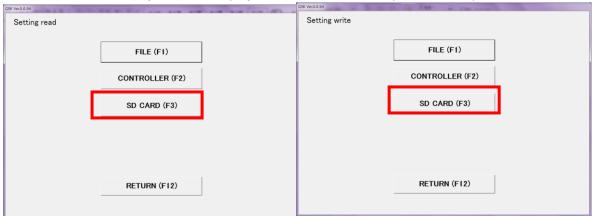
By using the GSK display, you can read the setting data in the GSK-IF and store it in the SD card, otherwise you can write the setting data in the SD card to the GSK-IF by operating the GSK display.

When reading and writing to the SD card with the setting software, please select setup reading and setting writing according to the application from the main menu of the setting software.

*By selecting the red frame in the lower right figure, it is saved in the PC with the extension ".SD" that can be read and written on the GSK display.

In the lower left figure, read the configuration file with the extension ".SD" from the storage medium (HDD, USB memory, SD card, etc.) connected to the PC running the setting software.

The name of the file read by the GSK display or the file saved to the personal computer is "SETTING.SD".



For setting reading and writing on the GSK display, execute with each item on the screen shown below in "SDCard relationship" in "Settings".

Since the GSK side is a subjective operation, please operate after confirming that the direction of data transmission is correct.



The "prohibit access to SD card" button under reading and writing is a function for safe retrieval.

Please turn off the power or push this button when unplugging the SD card.

This function is canceled by pushing this button and pulling out the SD card.

While this button is active, the lighting of LED 2 will stay red.

The following table shows the lighting state of the LED and the state of the SD card at that time.

| | State | Explanation |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Lights off | No SD card inserted |
| | Lit green | SD card inserted (idle) |
| LED2 B | Blinking green | SD card inserted (accessing) |
| | Lit red | Access prohibited |
| | Blinking red | SD card access error occurred or Wait for SD card insertion / removal after conservation. (GSK-IF ⇒ SDCard) |

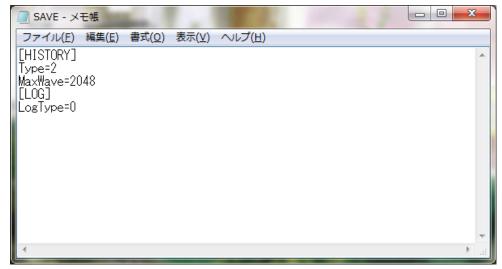
(2) Automatic storage of tightening result

The tightening result when operating automatically, is received at any time from GSK – IF and the data is preserved in a "HISTORY.CSV" file.

SAVE.INI file

When this automatic preservation is performed with multi-axis tightening, it may take too much time to store all the waveform data.

In that case, setting "SAVE.INI" file in the SD card makes it possible to shorten the writing time by reducing the amount of data to be written to the "HISTORY.CSV" file.



The following table shows the setting in this configuration file.

| Items | | Explanation | Setting contents |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Туре | It sets the saving pattern of the tightening history. Please select the setting contents from the right column. | O: Don't save Save only the tightening result Save tightening result + save waveform Save the tightening result + save waveform when NG |
| [HISTORY] MaxWave | It sets the number of sampling in one waveform. It takes 0.01 seconds per sampling. Therefore, the maximum time of the waveform to be saved with this setting is determined. Waveforms exceeding this setting are not saved. | Please specify a value in the range from 1 to 2048. The smaller the value, that isthe shorter the write time. | |
| [LOG] | LogType | It sets whether to write the operation record of the program. | 0:Don't write 1:Write |

If the "SAVE.INI" file does not exist in the SD card, it will be saved with the following settings.

TYPE = 2

MaxWave = 2048

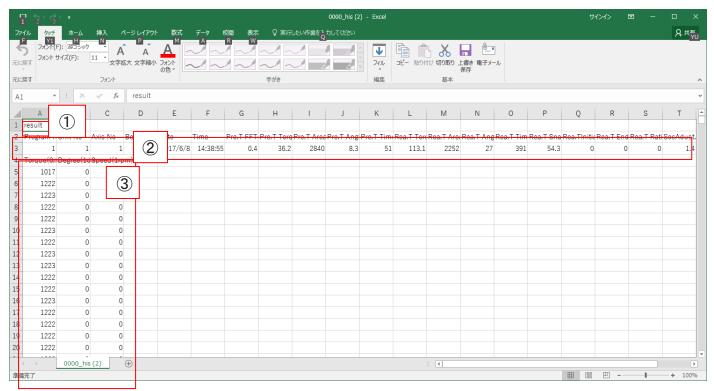
LogType = 0

·HISTORY.CSV file

When the SD card is inserted into the slot of the GSK-IF, the tightening result is written to the SD card.

"HISTORY.CSV" is the file which the tightening result is written at this time.

The file name actually saved is "0000_his.CSV".



Below is a description of the number in the above figure.

- ①: This is the title of the history. "Result" is fixed.

 The data etc. read by the support system are not shown in this notation, please use it to distinguish.
- ②: The details of the tightening result are shown.

 The result data is saved in the same format as "Online" of the setting software.
- ③: Sampling data which used for waveform image creation is recorded. It records torque, angle, rotation speed every 10 msec.

About 1000 items can be saved in this file (%).

If it is over, it names the current history file by date and time and it saves the result to a new history file. Please refer to the table below for name change.

| Order | Contents | String |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1 st and 2 nd | Renamed date | 01~31 |
| Character | | |
| 3 rd and 4 th | Renamed hours | 00~23 |
| Character | Renamed nours | 00.923 |
| 5 th and 6 th | Denomed minutes | 00~59 |
| Character | Renamed minutes | 00~59 |
| 7 th Character | Renamed second (10 of digits) | 0~5 |
| 8 th Character | Renamed month | 1~9,A(October),B(1November),C(December) |

(Example: When splitting at 23:50:35 on October 3 ⇒ "0323503 A. CVS")

If a file with the same name already exists, it delete the existing file and it rename the current file.

Predictive maintenance function

1 Outline of Predictive Maintenance

The predictive maintenance function is a function to urge early exchange and maintenance by notifying before the GSK Nutrunner system fails.

This function prevents occurrence of breakdown on the manufacturing line.

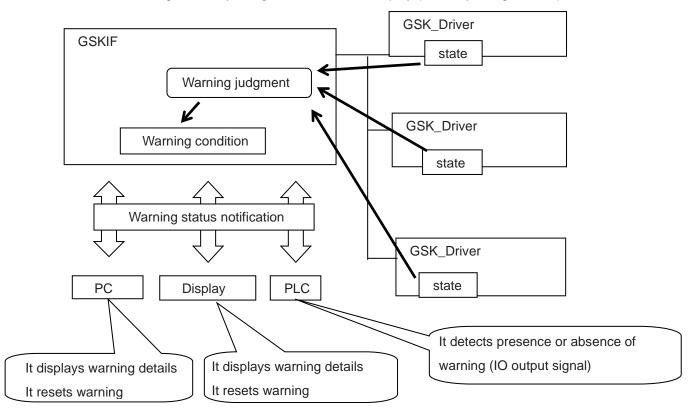
| Controller electronic component life warning | This function warns the parts life of the GSK system (GSKIF / GSK driver). Warning will be issued when parts life comes close, such as electrolytic capacitors and relays. Warnings can not be reset without replacement work. |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nutrunner failure prediction warning | This function is a warning that occurs according to the state of the nut runner, such as overload. Warnings are cleared by turning off the power or resetting. |

Flow to alarm notification

The GSK system possesses a predictive maintenance function for warning of electrical parts life warning and protection warning.

The following shows the flow until a warning is notified.

- 1. Each driver notifies the current state to the GSK I / F
- 2. When the GSK I/F judges that a warning has occurred, it turns on the warning bit of the IO output signal.
- 3. Confirm warning details by using a PC or external display (currently being created)



*At the stage of warning comes out, the lifetime of each consumable item of GSK is not much left. We recommend exchanging it promptly.

2GSK controller Electronic component lifetime warning

If even one of the following warning conditions occurs, the output signal to the PLC "warning of electrical component life warning" turns ON.

The warning level in the table is the initial value and so it is possible to change from 7 segment monitor.

If warning level is set to 0, warning judgment is not performed.

Driver's electrolytic capacitor lifetime warning

| Warning content | Lifetime warning of electrolytic capacitor mounted on GSK drive | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Warning level | 4 years (lifespan: 5 years) | | |
| Determination method | We write the date of manufacture when manufacturing the GSK driver. The GSK I / F compares the manufacture date of each driver with the current date and It judges whether it exceeds the warning level or not. ※However, if the date of manufacture is all 0, it will not be checked. | | |
| Warning Reset | That is impossible. | | |

Driver's relay lifetime warning

| Warning content | Lifetime warning of the drive power-on relay mounted on the GSK drive | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Warning level | 80 thousand times (lifespan 100 thousand times) | | |
| Determination method | It clears the relay operation count to 0 when manufacturing the GSK driver. The GSK controller increments this count by 1 each time the relay is moved. The GSK I / F checks the number of relay operations of each driver and it judges whether it exceeds the warning level or not. | | |
| Warning Reset | That is impossible. | | |

Driver's EEPROM lifetime warning

| Warning content | Lifetime warning of EEPROM rewriting installed in the GSK drive | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Warning level | 800 thousand times (lifespan 1 million times) | |
| Determination method | It clears the EEPROM write count to 0 when manufacturing the GSK driver. The GSK driver increments this number by 1 each time EEPROM rewrite is performed. GSKIF checks the EEPROM write count of each driver and it judges whether it exceeds the warning level or not. | |
| Warning Reset | That is impossible. | |

3Nut runner failure prediction warning

When the following warning condition occurs, the output signal "protection warning" turns ON.

The warning level in the table is the initial value and can be changed by the personal computer.

When the warning level is 0, warning judgment is not performed.

Driver overload warning

| Warning content | The load current of the GSK driver exceeds a certain value. | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Judgment target | Overload alarm level (percentage of alarm level) | |
| Warning level | 80% | |
| Determination | The GSK driver notifies the GSK I/F of the overload alarm level of the motor. | |
| method | GSK I/F checks whether the judgment value has exceeded the warning level and | |
| | exceeded. | |
| Warning Reset | Warnings can be reset by computer operation. | |
| | It resets when turning off the power of GSK I/F. | |

Precautions for Input/Outout communication

1. Program selection

Make sure to select the program No.1 to No.24 for the program bit when the program selected. When the program number is 0 or more than 25, it becomes ALC0 (Program not selected NG)

2. Input ENABLE

Please always input "Input ENABLE" after the program bit is selected.

If ENABLE is not input, the program cannot be changed or selected, After the program selection is changed, check that the output of program selection completion and the program number is security changed.

3. Determination reset

Determination reset is not accepted except the total determination output after the program is finished.

(To prevent the double tightening, it is always required to input the determination reset after the program is finished. (Total determination output))

4. Inching start

Select the program number by selecting the program bit at the inching start.

Rotating speed and direction are decided during rotation by selecting the program.

(Rotation setting number is selected by the selected program number and the speed and rotating direction by this setting controls the inching movement.)

If the program is not selected, inching start is not accepted. Please be careful of it.

Do not input the inching start during the program operation. It may cause malfunction.

5. Alarm reset

Input for the alarm reset input is enabled only when the alarm occurred.

6. IN input

Effective only when IN is set in the program setting.

If IN setting is performed in the program, make sure to enter IN because the program waits for the input of IN after the program execution until the previous step before the IN is set.

Do not input the inching start and alarm reset. It may cause malfunction.

7. Auto/Each selection

Auto selection: Only the start input is accepted. Do not turn OFF the start signal input until the total determination is output. Doing so causes "FFFF" NG. This is the interruption NG of the program while running.

Each selection: Only the inching start input is accepted. When the input signal is turned OFF after inching started, it becomes to wait for the inching start and only operates when the inching star is turned ON.

8. GSK reset (ALL reset)

When GSK reset is input, make sure to input from the program selection because all steps return to the initial status.

9. Program bit selection

Program bit selection allows you to select the program number by combining the program bit.

10. Program setting

Rating setting and axis number setting is possible by each block and axis unit in the program.

Precautions to read history

Make sure to give sufficient reading time to read the history data.

(In the case of communication speed at 19200 Bps, about 4 minutes of reading time is needed per axis.)

☆Items of setting possible and setting not possible

| Item | Manual input | Input from setup soft |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Driver parametor internal | 0 | × |
| RATE. SET | 0 | 0 |
| SOC. T. SET | 0 | 0 |
| PRE. T. SET | 0 | 0 |
| REV. T. SET | 0 | 0 |
| REA. T. SET | 0 | 0 |
| AXIS ARRANGE SET | × | 0 |
| PROGRAM SET | × | 0 |
| AXIS CUT INPUT | 0 | 0 |
| ID OUTPUT SET | 0 | 0 |
| M-NETSTARTED ADDRESS | 0 | 0 |

About connection setting of ID controller

1. Outline

Connecting the interface unit with ID controller by serial communication (RS422), transfer of engine number, setting of the calendar and transmission of result data become possible.

Secification of communication
 Communication method :RS422
 Communication speed:9600bps

Start bit: 1
Stop bit: 1
Parity: non

Transmission start character: '#'(23H)

Transmission finish character: CR(0DH)

Transmission character: ASCII code

3. Ressive format(ID controller → Interface unit)

Ressive of engine number.

#[Engine number]CR Engine number should be maximum 7 figures by decimal numeral.

Data transmit demand or Specify of unit to send the data.

#U[n]CR Unit No. specified(n=1 to 6)

Setting of callendar

#C[Callendar]CR Callendar setting (year, month, date, hour, minute each 2 figures)

- 4. Transmission format (Interface unit → ID controller)
- (1) Standard specification setting (1st figure = 1 of fn12 no.2)
- #[Date and time][Judge][Axis No.][Program No.][Unit No.][Torque][Time][Angle][Gradient][Engine No.]CR

[Date and time] = $01/12/29 \triangle 15:59$ (14letters) \triangle means blank(20H)

[Each axis judgement] = 0000(OK) or NG code (4 letters)

[Axis no.] = 01 to 30 (2 letters)

[Program no.] = 01 to 24 (2 letters)

[Unit no.] = 1 to 6 (1 letter)

[Torque] = 123.4 (Number of letters is according to the parametter)

[Time] = 12.34 (Number of letters is according to the parametter)

[Gradient] = 99.9 (Number of letters is according to the parametter)

[Engine no.] = 1234567 (Number of letters is according to the parametter)

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(2) Tspecification with Torque (1st figure = 1 of fn12 no.2)
  #[1st axis torque][1st axis judgement][2nd axis torqur][2nd axis judgement]···[n axis torque][n axis
     judgement]CR
  [Each axis torque] = 123.4
                                                  (Number of letters is according to the parameter)
                                                  (1=NG 2=OK)
  [Each axis judgement] = 2
  (3)T specification without torque(fn1st figure = 3 of fn12 no.2)
  #[1st axis torque][1st axis judgement][2nd axis torqur][2nd axis judgement]...[n axis torque][n axis
judgement]CR
  [Each axis torque] = \triangle \triangle \triangle
                                          (Number of letters is according to the parametter) △ means blank (20H)
  [Each axis judgement] = 2
                                                  (1=NG 2=OK)
  Part of torque data always outputs zero.
  (4) J specifications (fn1st figure = 4 of fn12 no.2)
  #[Date and time][Program no.][Unit no.][Engine no.]
  [Axis no.(01)] [1st axis torque] [1st axis time] [1st axis angle] [1st angle gradient] [1st axis judgement]
  [Axis no.(02)][2<sup>nd</sup> axis torque][2<sup>nd</sup> axis time]···[n axix gradient][n axis judgement]CR
  [Date and time] = 01/12/29 \triangle 15:59
                                                  (14letters) △ means blank(20H)
  [Program no.] = 01 to 24
                                                   (2 letters)
  [Unit no.] = 1 to 6
                                                   (1 letter)
  [Engine no.] = 1234567
                                                   (Number of letters is according to the parametter)
  [Axis no.] = 01 \text{ to } 30
                                                   (2 letters)
  [Torque] = 123.4
                                                             (Number of letters is according to the parametter)
  [Time] = 12.34
                                                   (Number of letters is according to the parametter)
  [Gradient] = 99.9
                                                            (Number of letters is according to the parametter)
  [Each axis judgement] = 0000(OK) or NG code (4letters)
```

Select with condition of starting transmission

It is possible to set timing of the transmission from the interface unit by the parameter.

Timing is able to be selected from one of followins;

- Data transmission at the time of the block judgement output
- Data transmission at the time of starting next block and judgement reset input.
- Data transmission according to the request of data transmission from the upper

5. Selecting transmission data

It is possible to set each data to be transmitted or not to be transmitted, specifying figure number, with or without decimal point to the parameter if necessary. If there are some items which are not transmitted, the following items are transmitted shortening the items not to be transmitted.

6. Transmission of torque, time, angle data based on the kinds of operation

Transmission of torque data, time data and angle data, data of only one kind of operation is transmitted even if many kinds of operation such as pretightening, real tightening, etc. are carried out within the same block. Selection with kinds of operation is effected automatically basing on the following order of priority. When the operation with higher priority is not carried out, it select the operation of following order of priority. In case of carrying out same kind of operation more than two times within the same block, the last operation is selected.

Order of priority (high) 1:Real tightening
2:Reverse tightening
3:Pretightening
(low) 4:Socket fitting

Update log

| Log | Date | Update contents |
|-----|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1st | May .2016 | _ |
| 2nd | Jun .2017 | Added correspondence table of nut runner and controller Etc. |
| 3rd | November.2017 | Added the commentary about Additional functions Added setting procedure Etc. |
| 4th | March.2020 | Alarm list modified Contact email address has been updated. |



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